

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

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SEYMOUR, INDIANA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS

POLICE RAIDED ALLEGED RESORT

**Mrs. Elizabeth L. Guffey Held in Jail
on Charge of Keeping House
of Bad Repute.**

SECOND CHARGE MAY BE FILED

**Two Men Charged With Intoxication
Are Arrested After Long Chase
Across a Field.**

There was an unusual activity around the police station late yesterday afternoon and last night, several calls having been received about the same time. On one call Chief of Police McCord proved that he had some ability as a sprinter and captured his man after a long chase. He was assisted by Harry Fink who was sworn in as a deputy officer.

One of the calls took the police to the home of Mrs. Laura L. Guffey in the southwest part of the city. Recently several complaints have been made about the character of this place and the police had kept it under surveillance. Yesterday they were asked by residents to make an investigation and the arrest of the Guffey woman followed. She was charged with keeping a house of bad repute and her trial was set for 3:30 o'clock this afternoon before Mayor Ross.

It is reported that a more serious charge of contributing to the delinquency of her own daughter, a girl under age, will be investigated. Such reports have been received by the police for some time and it is said that evidence is being collected. The police are not making public the source of information but it is currently rumored that several names have been taken and these persons will be called before the court to tell what they know about the case. It is also said that several persons have consented to give some information for the prosecution if the case is pushed.

No charge has been preferred against the Guffey girl but she has been closely questioned by Chief McCord. She is about seventeen years of age and it is reported that she has given some facts that can be used by the state. A further investigation will be made after the disposition of the case now pending against the Guffey woman.

About 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon the police were called to arrest Ed Mitchell and Tom Lucas who were slated upon charges of intoxication. The Chief was accompanied by Special Officer Fink and when Mitchell saw the officers coming towards him he started out on a hard run. He was chased for several blocks and was finally overtaken by Fink in a field near the Schleter home west of the city.

Fink proved to be fleet of foot and when he was close upon Mitchell the latter turned around and was tripped by Fink. Fink was on him in a second's time and held him until Chief McCord, who was close behind, reached them. Mitchell threatened to shoot Fink but when searched it was found that he had no weapons with him.

Lucas also took to his heels and broke all sorts of running records. He

proved to be much faster than either the Chief or Fink and was soon out of sight. About 9 o'clock he returned to the city and was arrested on West Tipton street by the night policemen. Both were fined \$1 and costs for intoxication, having entered pleas of guilty. Being unable to furnish pay they are held in jail.

BINGHAM SCORED SUCCESS WITH ORIGINAL PROGRAM

**Popular Humorist and Entertainer
Delighted Large Audience at
First M. E. Church.**

Ralph Bingham, the popular humorist and entertainer, declares that the sole purpose of his entertainment is to entertain, and it was the unanimous opinion of the large audience that heard him at the First M. E. church last night that he very successfully accomplished his purpose. He explained that as he was not a messenger boy he had no message to deliver to his hearers and that his program was not entangled with threads of thought. The audience expected to be entertained and were not disappointed. Mr. Bingham was brought here by the Entertainment and Lecture Course committee and gave the third number of the course.

Mr. Bingham presents an original program that might be characterized as "Ralph's Rollic." No other humorist undertakes to entertain an audience in exactly the same manner for he introduces features which are entirely his own and would fall with a heavy thud if attempted by any one else. As a story teller he has a wide reputation which he truly merits. His play upon words brought forth roar after roar of laughter showing the appreciation of his audience.

Besides his monologue numbers Mr. Bingham gave several novel piano selections, but it was agreed that "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight" was the best. His violin selections were delightful and received a generous encore. Mrs. Bingham, who was the piano accompanist for several of the selections, is an artist and her work added greatly to the success and pleasure of the evening's entertainment.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES BRAVE THE ZERO WEATHER

**Little Inconveniences Like Snow
Drifts Do Not Stop Canvass of
the Politicians.**

Despite the big snow drifts, the unbroken roads and the low temperature during the last few days the Democratic candidates are working with the same energy and enthusiasm as if the climatic conditions were more favorable. Some of the candidates are making a house to house canvass of the county and have found the work rather laborious this week. Others are visiting each community and instead of calling on the farmers personally have secured the assistance of friends to plead their cause.

As the Democratic primary will be held March 5 the aspirants for office are making the last few days count for all they are worth. Some of them have hard fights and realize that each vote has a real worth. The candidates are working overtime in Seymour and the Democratic vote here has been thoroughly canvassed. More than ordinary interest is being shown in the race for prosecutor and also in the contest between the candidates for the nomination for representative.

ASSESSORS GET SUPPLIES TODAY

**Meeting Held at Brownstown and
Plans for the Work are Ex-
plained in Detail.**

SCHEDULES ARE ARRANGED

**Persons Who Must Pay Income Tax
Required to File Necessary
Blanks Before March 1.**

Plans for the annual assessment of personal property were discussed at a meeting of the township assessors and their deputies at Brownstown today. The meeting was called by the county assessor and all of the assessors and deputies were urged to attend so they would be familiar with the work which will be started Monday, March 2. Under the law the assessors began their duties March 1 but as the first day of the month falls on Sunday the task will not be started until the second day. Seventy-five days are allowed for the work.

At the meeting today the assessors will arrange the schedule by which the various articles of personal property will be assessed. Pianos, sewing machines and other articles that are not included in the list of household goods are assessed separately. Quite a number of articles on the farm are also included in the separate list. These schedules will be reviewed by the assessors so that all will be taken according to a uniform scale.

The state board of tax commissioners has endeavored to place the assessments throughout the county upon the same basis and the plan has been thoroughly discussed with the county assessors. These officials will in turn instruct the township assessors and deputies. Practically all the townships assessors have one deputy except in Brownstown and Jackson townships where from two to seven deputies are employed.

In order that the state statistician might be enabled to obtain correct figures for his department the assessors are also required to fill out a number of blanks. About fifty questions will be asked this year of each person assessed relative to the amount of stock and other property owned. Many of these questions have nothing to do with the listing of property for assessment purposes and are filed with the state statistician.

Persons in Jackson county who have incomes large enough to come under the new federal law are required to file their blanks with the internal revenue collector at Indianapolis before March 1. Failure to do so may result in a fine and imprisonment. The tax must be paid by June 1 but the blank must be filed before the first of next month.

Under the new income tax law incomes only for ten months of 1913 will be assessed. Married people this year will have an exemption of \$3,333.33 while single persons only have an exemption of \$2,500. Hereafter when the tax is collected for the entire year the exemption for married people will be \$4,000 and for unmarried persons \$3,000.

The county assessor has nothing to do with the collection of the in-

come tax as this money is paid directly to the internal revenue collector. At the meeting of the township assessors today the supplies will be distributed.

FUNERAL OF LATE JOHN FOX WAS CONDUCTED WEDNESDAY

**High Esteem in Which Deceased Was
Held is Shown by the Large At-
tendance at Services.**

The funeral of the late John Fox, despite the inclement and unpropitious weather was one of the largest ever held in Reddington township, manifesting the esteem in which the deceased was held. The Union church in Reddington, where the funeral services were conducted was filled and standing room was in demand. The ministers present and participating in the service were the Rev. Arthur Brinklow of Cortland; the Rev. William A. Schrauff, pastor German M. E. church, Seymour; the Rev. Herman R. Booch, pastor St. Paul's church, Seymour, and the Rev. L. A. Peck of Bicknell, Ind. The last named preached the sermon having been sent for by the family because of the long existing friendship between the deceased and Rev. Mr. Peck. He based his sermon upon Revelations XIV. 13. The Rev. Mr. Brinklow read the obituary and added a few commendatory remarks about the life of the deceased. The pall bearers were Lowry Foster, John Hunterman, D. W. Wilson, Balzer Kirsch, Wesley Covert, and August Hustedt, all ex-soldiers and members of the Grand Army. The funeral rites of the Grand Army were in charge of Post Commander John Hunterman with Lowry Foster chaplain. The interment took place in the Redding cemetery.

To Investigate Child's Death.

Coroner L. E. Bracken of Bartholomew county, filed his verdict on the recent death of Pearl Snyder, the 5-year-old daughter of Mrs. Ollie Snyder of Elwood, which occurred while the mother was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Daniels, near Columbus. Dr. E. U. Wood of Columbus, testified at the inquest that he was called to see the child, but that the mother and grandparents refused to permit him to treat it, saying that their religion prohibited the giving of medicine and that they had sent for the elders to pray for the patient. The verdict of the coroner is that the death was caused by diphtheria and he has referred the matter to the prosecuting attorney.

Repairing Roundhouse.

The work of repairing the wall at the B. & O. Southwestern roundhouse where the engine ran through it several days ago has started. One section of the wall was taken down. An engine ran through the roundhouse at the same place several years ago.

Married at Brownstown.

Clarence Kysar and Miss Gertrude Oden, both of this city, were married Wednesday at the county clerk's office at Brownstown by Elder J. B. Cross.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid Society.

There will be no meeting tomorrow, Feb. 27th.

Edith Kasperlain, Pres.

Miss Louise Aufderheide is quite sick at her home on East Third street.

Fresh Channel Catfish daily at the Model Grocery. f26d

Mush Roll 5c. All Grocers. m25d

FOREIGNERS MAY RECEIVE WARNING

**European Countries May Caution
Subjects About Remaining
In Mexico.**

U. S. HAS SENT TWO NOTICES

**Washington Officials Are Gathering
Information About Benton
Incident.**

Washington, February 26—The possibility that Great Britain, Germany, France and other powers may follow the lead of the United States in warning their subjects to leave Mexico was discussed in official circles here today as a likely result of the execution recently of William S. Benton by the Constitutionalists. Some officials pointed out that while the United States has twice warned her citizens to leave the rebellion torn country, European nations have taken no such precautions, making the problem of extending protection to foreigners who insist on remaining in dangerous territory a burden that is giving the Washington government much concern.

The United States government, it is understood would render any assistance possible to foreigners desiring to leave Mexico, affording means of transportation of consular assistance, wherever desired.

Those in official circles here who believe foreign countries generally ought to ask their subjects to leave think such a move would be an added precaution in case the Mexican question later developed more serious aspects in relation to the policy of the American government. Evidence will still be gathered by the state department today in its inquiry into the Benton incident. The court-martial proceedings which Consul Edwards mailed from Juarez have reached Secretary Bryan and are being translated from the Spanish. The details were summarized in El Paso dispatches a few days ago.

Officials today were waiting further messages from American Consul Letcher at Chihuahua as to the attitude of General Villa on the disposition of Benton's body. Though plans are being made for an examination of the body by an American army surgeon, the state department today had not been advised either of the time when the body would be exhumed or exactly where it was buried. On both these points the American consular representatives have been instructed to seek information from General Villa.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold James, who have been here for a week visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Cunningham, returned home this morning to attend a reception which will be given them tonight. Mrs. Cunningham accompanied them.

Dunham Wilson is suffering from poison of the hand. He is unable to use his right hand which gives him considerable pain.

Mrs. Joseph Reath was called to Bedford this morning on account of the illness of her son, Paul Hodges, who has the measles.

AUTHORITIES INVESTIGATE HOLLANDER MURDER MYSTERY

**Coroner's Jury at Aurora, Ill., At-
tempt to Find Slayer of Young
Society Leader.**

By United Press.

Aurora, Ill., Feb. 26.—The final effort to learn positively the identity of the slayer of Theresa Hollander, 20, society leader of the Aurora German American set, and prominent in this little city's lodge life, began today. When the coroner's jury convened at 10 a. m. depositions were to be taken from everyone connected with the case, including Anthony Petras, who is under arrest.

There was little doubt here that the coroner's jury will bind over the prisoner to the grand jury. So confident were the authorities that a formal charge of murder will be lodged against Petras that Judge Slosser, who presided at the trial of Harry Spencer, convicted murderer of Mrs. Allison Rexroat, has called the February grand jury, which had been dismissed.

The Hollander murder was one of the most mysterious in the history of the city. The girl was attacked on her way home from lodge Monday night, February 16. Her father, Louis Hollander, found the body, bruised and mutilated, the skull crushed with a "grave prop" that lay near by. The authorities were notified and Anthony Petras, Austrian machinist and the girl's former fiancé was arrested when a negro named Walter Hickman said he saw Petras get off the car and start in the direction taken by the murdered girl.

In jail Petras has steadily refused to talk about the case, save to reiterate his innocence. No effort has been made to free him by his attorneys, Harvey Gussell of Aurora and Charles Erbstein of Chicago. Although half a dozen circumstantial clues seemed to point to the innocence of Petras, authorities today believe him to be the murdered, they said, and were confident that he would be held to the grand jury and ultimately convicted.

New Club Rooms.

The various local Masonic bodies have opened new club rooms in the large room on the third floor. The room has been elegantly furnished with new rugs, tables and chairs for the convenience and comfort of the members. Pool and billiard tables have also been purchased. A large number of magazines are found on the reading tables. The club rooms promise to become very popular with the members of the Masonic bodies.

No Court Today.

As no cases were set for trial today and there was no other business to transact circuit court was not held today. The grand jury will not be called together until Monday, March 9. Prosecutor Underwood is busy looking after his campaign for renomination and the work of the grand jury was postponed until after March 5, the day of the primary.

The February social committee of Seymour Rebekah lodge will entertain the members this evening with a splendid program including some of the best talent in the city. A number of lodges in the county have been notified of the meeting tonight and many visitors will be present.

Mrs. Morton Seymour, who has been seriously ill with rheumatism for several weeks, remains about the same.

CHEAPER To Have Dry Feet Than to Pay Doctor Bills

**FULL LINE OF
Ball Brand Boots,
Rubbers and
Arctics**

**Also Complete Line of SOLID
Leather SHOES at
Low Prices.**

**Shoes For All Feet
HOADLEY'S**

DREAMLAND TONIGHT

**NO. 1 and No. 2
"THE POWER OF LIGHT"
(American 2 Reel Special)**

**No. 3—"MABEL'S STORMY LOVE
AFFAIR" (Keystone Comedy)**

**IN SILVER
GIVEN AWAY
Each Friday Night**

**We Buy Or Sell Anything
Stocks Bonds
Realty
Merchandise
C. E. T. DOBBINS
& CO.
GENERAL BROKERS**



Always In Contemplation

by the girl is the Ring—the inevitable engagement Ring! We can supply all the girls expecting to be engaged with handsome Rings for the purpose, and we have a large variety of other Rings as well, also a goodly assortment of Fine Jewelry that will be appreciated by good judges, of both sexes. If thinking of a Jewelry present—here is the place to get it.

**T. M. JACKSON, Jeweler.
GEO. P. KAMMAN, Optometrist**

MAYES' MAJESTIC —TONIGHT—

**THE AERIAL STONES
America's Most Premier Tight Wire
Artists.**

(A) "THE BARTERED GOWN"
Drama (Biograph) with Lionel Barrymore, Claire McDowell, Betty Gray, and Chas. Carey.

(B) "A SERVANT OF THE RICH"
Drama (Lubin) with Rosetta Brice, John Ince, Florence Williams and Jean Armour.

**(C) "HOW BOBBY CALLED HER
BLUFF"** Comedy "THE CALL OF
THE FOOTLIGHTS" Comedy (Edison) with Yale Boss and Gladys Hulette.

The date for "THE GIRL OF MY DREAMS" will be March 4th, instead of March 5th as stated before.

**Prices—Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c
REMEMBER \$5.00 IN GOLD GIVEN
AWAY EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT.**

**MAYES' Cash Grocery
Phone 658. Free Delivery.**

You are missing a treat
in good Candy if you
haven't taken advantage
of our Candy Sale.

The price tomorrow is
25cts. a Pound

Friday 25c lb.
Saturday 20c lb.
Monday 15c lb.

H. H. CARTER
Successor to The Andrews Drug Co.

The Rexall Store

THE SITUATION GROWING TENSE

Further Complications Arising
On the Border.

ANOTHER AMERICAN IS SLAIN

This Time the Execution of One of Our Citizens Is Laid at the Door of the Federalists and the State Department Has Ordered a Rigid Investigation—The Benton Incident Meanwhile Is Still Unsettled.

Mexico City, Feb. 26.—A force of 800 rebels while enroute to Huajuclilla, Hidalgo, was attacked by a force of 300 federalists from Pachuca. The federalists used machine guns and the rebels were routed with a loss of 100 killed and 200 wounded.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Grave doubts have arisen as to Pancho Villa's intentions to satisfy the demands of the United States representing Great Britain for such an examination of the body of Benton, the British rancher as will permit the determination of the manner of his death. Developments in the effort to bring Villa to see the light are so unsatisfactory as to leave the situation in regard to the Benton case still unsettled and very tense. Additional disturbing complications are found in the killing of another American, this time by the federalists, and the growing feeling in official quarters that Gus Bauch, the German-American, who was in prison at Juarez, last week, is now dead.

Evidence continues to accumulate that congress is chafing under the reports of Mexican depredations on American life and property. The first of what is likely to be a long series of attacks on the Wilson administration's Mexican policy took place in the house when Representative Ainey of Pennsylvania, who is a candidate for the United States senate, declared that the policy of watchful waiting was leading straight toward war. He introduced a resolution calling for a record of the deaths of Americans in Mexico, which he predicted would be appalling to the country.

Assuming for the moment that Villa intends to keep faith, Secretary Bryan and Ambassador Spring-Rice have arranged for examination of the body of Benton just as soon as Villa permits its exhumation. Such arrangements as they tentatively agreed upon, however, were based solely upon assumptions, as Villa has not said that he will permit a surgical examination of the body to be made nor that he will permit the British consul, Charles Percival, to be present. Mr. Bryan signified to the ambassador, however, his intention of having a competent army surgeon assigned to make the examination when the body of Benton is disinterred.

Great importance is attached by Mr. Bryan and the British ambassador to the importance of having the body exhumed promptly. Mr. Bryan has no assurance from Villa, however, as to where the body is or when its exhumation will be permitted. There is every indication, however, that if Villa interposes any considerable delay the United States will find it necessary to take very drastic action toward carrying out what it has undertaken to do for the British government. There are persistent rumors on the boarder that the body was burned.

The pressure of Great Britain is such that the United States is regarded as obligated to obtain possession of Benton's body, even if it becomes necessary to use force. The British government considers, it is understood here, that its prestige and national honor demand that Villa shall not be permitted to withhold the body. Invasion of Mexican soil to gain possession of Benton's body would not be war, requiring authorization by congress, it is said by officials here. Though it is known with great reluctance Mr. Bryan would adopt such a course, it is believed quite within the range of ultimate necessity in view of the insistent attitude of Great Britain.

News of the killing of another American came in from Consul Garrett at Nuevo Laredo. He informed the department that Clements Vergara, an American citizen, had been seized and executed by federal soldiers. The body of Vergara, he added, was still hanging to a tree near Hidalgo. Mr. Bryan promptly instructed the consul to demand possession of the body and to investigate thoroughly the circumstances of the man's execution. The impression is gaining ground that Gustav Bauch, the German-American, is now dead. The mass of conflicting reports, contradictory statements and apparent dissimulation with which Villa and his subordinates have responded to inquiries of American officials regarding Bauch has practically convinced Washington that the revolutionists are trying to conceal the fact that the man is dead.

Trial Delayed Pending Conference.

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 26.—The cases of fifteen of the twenty-four persons charged with rioting at St. Casimir's Catholic church were continued pending settlement of the trouble between the Polish parishioners and the Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alender, bishop of the Fort Wayne diocese.

IGNACE PADEREWSKI

Famous Pianist Marooned
in an Indiana Snowdrift.



Indianapolis, Feb. 26.—Ignace Jan Paderewski, the world-famous pianist, and Mrs. Paderewski were rescued from a snowdrift four miles north of town yesterday afternoon after spending more than an hour in a vain effort to back their automobile out of the deep bank of the "beautiful" into which the machine had skidded.

TECHNICALITIES MAY PREVENT NEW TRIAL

The Becker Case Takes On
New Interest.

New York, Feb. 26.—If it is in his power to bring it about, District Attorney Whitman will retry Charles Becker for the murder of Herman Rosenthal. Furthermore, Mr. Whitman himself may be an important witness at the second trial and in all likelihood he would take the stand.

The decision whether the former police lieutenant will face a jury for the second time, does not rest with the chief prosecuting officer of the county, but with the judge or the justice before whom he moves the case for trial. So far as he is concerned he believes that the decision of the court of appeals has left him with the vital parts of the case uninjured. Certain witnesses have been eliminated and certain testimony will not be heard again, but the foundation is still intact. In order to have a new trial Whitman will have to go before a judge and ask for permission. The judge will have judicial notice of the decision of the court of appeals and will have read it. It will be his right to demand of the district attorney whether he has any new evidence to present at the second trial.

It was admitted at the criminal courts building that Mr. Whitman's answer at present would be in the negative, whereupon the court may say that the second trial will be futile and upon motion he can quash the indictment. Thus Mr. Whitman will evade the embarrassing situation created by the court's decision, which without wiping out the case entirely, assailed it at many points. He will be able to say that he did his best.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Revokable paroles for fifty convicts have been signed by the governor of Texas.

The Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune has purchased the American, a morning paper recently started in that city.

There is a report in Vienna from Albania that two Americans have been carried off to the mountains from Elbassan by brigands.

The supreme court of Georgia has refused a new hearing to Lee M. Frank of Brooklyn, who is under sentence of death on a murder charge.

George Broadhurst, the playwright, has been sued for a separation by Mrs. Ida Raymond Broadhurst, who alleges that her husband abandoned her.

W. S. West of Valdosta, Ga., has been appointed by Governor Slayton to succeed the late O. A. Bacon as United States senator from Georgia.

James Daly, an American gambler and tropical tramp, proprietor of a saloon in Colon, was shot in a row in a Panama saloon and is not expected to live.

Robert Dixon of Easton, Me., shook hands with President Wilson and completed a record of having personally greeted every president since William Henry Harrison.

A Champaign (Ill.) nurse who volunteered to wait on scarlet fever patients in an isolated ward where college students were confined, has died of the disease.

The bill to give effect to the fisheries treaty with Great Britain regulating fisheries between the United States and Canada has been favorably reported to the senate.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to dynamite the vaults of the state treasurer's office at Des Moines, Ia. The robbers found \$5 in the money drawer of the office and escaped.

MINERS DEMAND MINE RUN BASIS

Chief Obstacle In the Joint
Conference.

OUTLOOK FOR A SETTLEMENT

It Is Said That the Atmosphere in the Philadelphia Meeting Has Been Cleared Until Only Two or Three Matters Remain to Be Adjusted, and That There Is Hardly a Chance That a Strike Will Be Called.

Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—Operators and miners from the central competitive district, who have been here since Feb. 10 endeavoring to arrange a new working agreement, have decided to continue their negotiations, and President White of the United Mine Workers, in a formal statement, declared that the outlook for a settlement was more encouraging than it had been at any time. He stated that the atmosphere had been cleared until only two or three matters of difference remain to be settled.

Acting under instructions from the general committee, the subcommittee met today in another effort to secure an agreement between the operators and miners on these points.

While no official announcement has been made, it is said by members of the conference that the greatest point of disagreement is the demand of the miners that work be paid for on the mine run basis.

In other words the miners insist that the workers be paid for the coal dug before it is screened and impurities removed. The operators declare they can not afford to pay on such a basis and state that it would also entail a double weighing of the coal.

Although the operators from the four states, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and western Pennsylvania, which compose the district, held separate conferences yesterday, the question of separate agreements was passed over until another effort could be made to secure a new district agreement.

President White in his statement says: "The operators and miners owe it to themselves as well as to the public at large to reach an agreement here. It would be a moral crime to involve the bituminous coal industry in either a suspension or a strike."

"We are of the opinion that a continued, patient, honest, painstaking effort on the part of both sides will result ultimately in an agreement. There is no cause for alarm. Both sides entertain toward each other a pacific attitude. We do not believe there will be a strike in the bituminous coal fields of our country."

CORONER IS INVESTIGATING

Mysterious Death of Babe and Fatal
Injury to Mother.

Hartford City, Ind., Feb. 26.—The month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller, prominent residents here, is dead and Mrs. Miller is in a dying condition from injuries which relatives assert were sustained when the mother, with the baby in her arms, is said to have fainted and to have fallen against a radiator.

Miss Alice Miller, a sister, made the gruesome discovery when she entered her bedroom after returning from a dance. Mrs. Miller's throat was cut and there was a deep gash in her left wrist. An injury to the back of its head killed the child.

Relatives deny that the mother, while temporarily demented, slew her baby and attempted suicide. Coroner Rutledge, who is investigating, refuses to make a statement.

BEGGED TO BE SENTENCED

Weeping Woman Wanted Relief From
Unpleasant Tension.

Cincinnati, Feb. 26.—Elizabeth Phares Bowen, manicurist, accused by sixteen-year-old Mildred Crane of introducing her to men, pleaded guilty before Juvenile Court Judge Gorman. Weeping, the woman asked the court to sentence her immediately and relieve her of the tension under which she said she has been living for weeks.

"Pass sentence on me, your honor," she said. "I want to get it all over." But Judge Gorman refused her plea as well as the plea of her attorney for an immediate sentence. The court declared that the officers needed the woman as a witness in other cases which will be tried, and for this reason he would take no chances.

Christian Ministers Organize.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 26.—The Northeastern Indiana Christian Ministerial association was formally organized here by representatives from many counties in this part of the state. It is intended to form the ministers into a compact organization to discuss subjects that affect them in their work.

Came Near Being a Tie.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 26.—Homer D. Call of Syracuse was elected state treasurer at a joint session of the legislature to succeed John J. Kennedy, who killed himself. Call received 98 votes to 96 for William Archer, Republican.

CAPTAIN BERRY

Skipper of the Nantucket
Admits Violation of Rule.



Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—Captain Osman Berry of the steamship Nantucket admitted at his trial here that he had broken an international navigation rule in running his ship at full speed in a fog just before hitting the steamship Monroe. The captain is accused of having caused the collision by violating the international navigation rules. He admitted that if he had stopped his engines on hearing the fog signal from the Monroe and proceeded cautiously, as the navigation laws require, there would have been no collision.

POWDER TRUST WINS IN THE BUCKEYE SUIT

Action for Huge Damages Not
Sustained.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 26.—A jury in the United States district court, after being out twenty-seven hours, returned a verdict in favor of the E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Powder company in the suit for \$5,000,000 damages brought against it by the Buckeye Powder company, a Delaware corporation, under the Sherman anti-trust law.

The trial of the case consumed seventy-three court days, having been in progress with some intermissions since the September term of court. The defense of the action is said to have cost the powder trust upward of \$160,000, and the total cost of the trial to both sides and the government is estimated at \$250,000.

The Buckeye company was organized in 1903 for the purpose of manufacturing explosives and particularly black blasting powder. It suspended operations some years ago, claiming that it had been forced out of business by the illegal methods pursued by the Du Pont company and associate corporations.

MAY DIE OF HIS WOUNDS

South Bend Police Investigating a
Bloody Cutting Affray.

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 26.—Charles Nagel is in the Epworth hospital probably fatally wounded, and Louis Nagy, Lottie Nemith and Louis Hovarth are in jail, held without bond, as a result of a fight. Nagel's body is terribly slashed. The three men, it is alleged, without warning attacked Nagel with large pocket knives as he was passing a shelter beside a walk on the west side. Nagel sustained wounds in the breast, left shoulder and left forearm. When Nagel was found he was weak from the loss of blood and was immediately rushed to the hospital. The police cannot learn the cause of the assault.

A Naval Courtmartial.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The trial by courtmartial of Lieutenant Commander Charles P. Huff, attached to the new battleship Texas on charges of 'scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals,' has been ordered. The court will sit at Norfolk.

Many Return to Work.

Gary, Ind., Feb. 26.—In the last six weeks 2,000 men have returned to work at the Illinois Steel company plant and the force is now 7,200.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States
weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m.
yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	20	Clear
Boston.....	24	Clear
Denver.....	26	Clear
San Francisco..	50	Clear
St. Paul.....	12	Pt. Cloudy
Chicago.....	30	Clear
Indianapolis...	29	Clear
St. Louis.....	28	Clear
New Orleans...	36	Pt. Cloudy
Washington...	22	Pt. Cloudy

Probably snow.

NATIONAL GUARD GIVEN WARNING

"Get Ready to Go to Mexico,"
Says Major Blum.

ARMY IS LOOKING FOR WAR

Indiana National Guardsmen Are Told by Inspection Officer That It Is Generally Accepted in Military Circles That Intervention in Mexico Must Come and That a War Will Follow. He Told the Bloomington Men and Officers to Get Ready to Go Out in Active Service.

Bloomington, Feb. 26.—"Get ready to go to Mexico," was the warning that Major Julius Blum of Evansville gave to the members of Company H, Indiana national guard, after he had held an inspection at the armory. After making the inspection Major Blum made the local soldiers a speech, in which he advised them to prepare for a war which he said was almost certain to come.

The major told the militiamen that it is generally accepted in military circles that intervention in Mexico must come and that a war will follow. He told the Bloomington men and officers to get ready to go out in active service.

SOME STARTLING EVIDENCE

Is Promised in Trial of Former Terre
Haute Councilman.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 26.—The trial of William Huffman, former councilman, indicted with others on charges of participating in election frauds, is in progress in circuit court.

Special Judge Blankenbaker, in swearing in the jury, instructed the court bailiff to assume charge of the jury and to keep the body secluded during the progress of the trial. Instructions were also given by the court to the jurors not to talk about the case to anybody or among themselves, and the bailiff was ordered not to allow the jurors to read any account in newspapers of the trial.

In his opening statement Special Prosecutor Roach told of startling evidence which he proposed to introduce during the trial and of alleged crimes committed against the ballot by Huffman as election inspector. The prosecutor charged that Huffman not only permitted a large number of official ballots to be taken from his custody by persons not authorized by law, but urged and abetted such action, and that later Huffman had planned to stuff the box with ballots marked for Donn Roberts on the night before the last city election.

Muncie Attorney Arrested.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 26.—Clayton B. Templer, one of the oldest attorneys of Delaware county, was arrested on a grand jury indictment charging embezzlement. The affidavit charges that Templer, as the administrator of an estate, failed to turn over the sum of \$227.95 to one of the heirs. Templer was released on his own recognizance.

Self-Defense Plea Sustained.

New Albany, Ind., Feb. 26.—Ivan Shaffer, charged with the murder of Earl Stafford, who was shot and killed here early Sunday morning, was acquitted at his preliminary trial before Magistrate Fogle. He pleaded self-defense. The announcement of the finding was greeted with prolonged applause.

Serious Auto Accident.

Bloomington, Ind., Feb. 26.—Miss Elizabeth Kakley, a senior at Indiana University, and Dorothy, six years old, daughter of Lemuel Smock of this city, were seriously injured when an automobile, in which they were passengers, was struck by a Big Four train at Paris, Ill. Both are in a hospital at Paris.

Brakeman Also May Die.

Hartford City, Ind., Feb. 26.—George Mannerling of Logansport, conductor of a Pennsylvania passenger train, who was one of the two men struck by a passing freight train, just east of this city, died. Charles Bosman, a brakeman, who was struck by the train at the same time, is in a serious condition.

Wolves Still Lurk in Indiana.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 26.—A gray timber wolf, more than five feet long, was killed at the Eagle lake slough, ten miles south of here. The wolf had been killing pigs and calves belonging to the farmers in the Eagle lake neighborhood.

Prosecution Has Closed.

Lebanon, Ind., Feb. 26.—The state has concluded its direct evidence in the trial of Dr. Charles M. Clayton, charged with the murder of Joseph H. Stout in Indianapolis. The prosecution introduced nine witnesses.

Must Have Been Very Dry.

Fowler, Ind., Feb. 26.—George Alexander of Lafayette tried to break into jail here to get some liquor taken from a "blind tiger" and was sentenced to jail for a week for malicious trespass.

Victim of Accidental Shooting.

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 26.—John Sileri of Mishawaka, who was shot by Joseph Verdi, is dead. Verdi says the shooting was accidental.

ARTHUR CAPPER

Topeka Editor Wants to
Be Governor of Kansas.



Arthur Capper, Republican editor of Topeka, has announced his candidacy for the governorship of the state.

NEW SUGAR SCHEDULE VIOLATION OF TREATY

Louisiana Bases Hopes On
This Declaration.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The state of Louisiana has undertaken to block the enforcement of the free sugar provision of the Underwood-Simmons tariff law.

The first step in this movement was made this week when the attorney general of Louisiana and members of the state delegation in congress argued before Attorney General McReynolds that the Underwood-Simmons law in repealing the sugar duties, violated the treaty of 1902 with Cuba and thus involved itself in a violation of the constitution.

It is understood that if the argument of the state's representatives is not upheld by the attorney general, an action will be brought in the courts to prevent the secretary of the treasury from putting into effect the sugar schedule of the new tariff law in place of the Dingley sugar rates. It is asserted that there was no power in congress to repeal the Cuban treaty by statute.

Haytian Rebels Routed.

Cape Haytien, Feb. 26.—Government troops under General Zamor, the president, are on their way by sea to attack Fort Liberté. The town of Trou, south of Fort Liberté, was recaptured from the rebels by government troops which started to the siege of Ouanaminthea, where the rebels fleeing from Cape Haytien have taken refuge under General Theodore.

Minister Faces Church Trial.

Indianapolis, Feb. 26.—The Indiana Presbytery has met in special session here to take up charges which have been presented by the board of the First Presbyterian church of Bloomington, Ind., accusing its former pastor, the Rev. John R. Ellis, of questionable conduct toward women of Bloomington.

Alleged Firebugs Released.

Brookville, Ind., Feb. 26.—Charles E. Roberts, Harvey Slaughter and son, charged with conspiracy to burn a house at Laurel, were released on their own recognizance when the state fire marshal said it would be impossible to try the men until the April term of court.

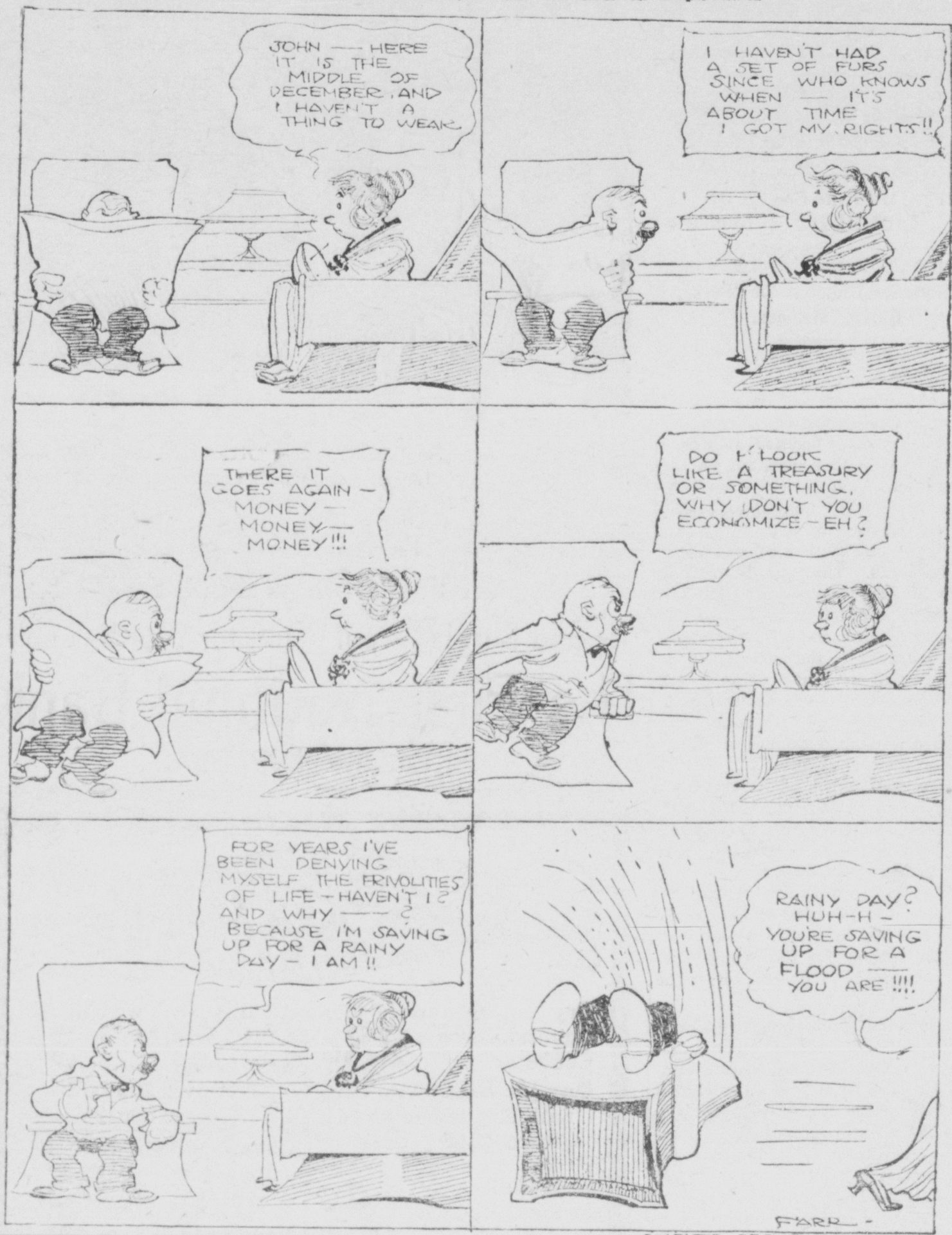
MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain
and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—No. 2 red, 95¢. Oats—No. 2 red, 98½¢. Corn—No. 3, 65¢. Cattle—No. 2 white, 42¢. Hay—Baled, \$15.50 @ 17.50; timothy, \$16.00 @ 18.00; mixed, \$15.50 @ 16.50. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 9.00. Hogs—\$7.00 @ 8.95. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 5.25. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 7.75. Receipts—Cattle, 450; hogs, 1,500; sheep, none.
At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.00½. Corn—No. 2, 70¢. Oats—No. 2, 43¢. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 9.10. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 5.50. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 8.10.
At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, 96½¢. Corn—No. 2, 63¢. Oats—No. 2, 41½¢. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 9.75; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 8.00. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.75. Sheep—\$4.90 @ 6.35. Lambs—\$7.00 @ 8.10.
At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, 95½¢. Corn—No. 2, 67¢. Oats—No. 2, 41½¢. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 9.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$5.50 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 8.00.
At East Buffalo.
Cattle—\$3.75 @ 9.15. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 9.35. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 6.50. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 8.40.
Wheat at Toledo.
May, \$1.02½; July, 92½¢; cash, 99½¢.

WHEN A MAN'S MARRIED

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THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Editor of the New York State Grange Review

THE GRANGE FIELD.

Facts About the Work of the Order in Different States.

Massachusetts has now 36,312 members of the grange in 287 local organizations. Twenty-six new granges were organized last year, with a combined charter list of 2,635. Edward E. Chapman was elected master at the recent annual session of the state grange. The education fund for the loan of money to grange young people at low interest to enable them to get an education amounts to over \$3,000, of which the state grange contributed \$1,500. The grange will offer six prizes to granges showing the best record this year in community improvements. It also offers prizes of \$100 to the granges holding the best grange fairs. The state grange is very active in state governmental affairs and very efficient in the farmers' interests.

Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania has about 80,000 members, the net gain last year being about 3,500. The cash receipts were \$21,000 and expenses \$17,000. The state grange offers three scholarships in the state college. It approves the appropriating of \$7,000,000 annually for good roads rather than bond the state for that purpose. The state grange is in favor of woman's suffrage and wants a constitutional amendment forbidding the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors. It indorses the initiative, referendum and recall and wants the highway department of the state stripped of all power except that of making highway specifications. It approves teaching agriculture in the high schools.

Michigan.

Michigan now has 819 subordinate granges, with 49,500 members. It has about \$50,000 in its treasury. Last year thirty-seven of the 100 members of the house and ten of the thirty-two members of the senate were members of the grange. It indorses woman's suffrage and favors municipal ownership of telephone companies and the incorporation of co-operative telephone companies. The salary of the state master was raised from \$400 to \$1,500, and he is required to give his entire time to the work of the grange.

Delaware.

Delaware is a small state geographically, but has 2,400 grangers in its forty-one granges. Its grange insurance company carries \$3,000,000 in fire insurance on grange farmers' property. The state grange is active in the governmental affairs of the state. The national grange will meet at Wilmington next fall.

New Jersey.

New Jersey has 16,000 members in 201 subordinate granges. State Master Gaunt is also state senator and was elected lecturer of the national grange at its recent meeting. The state

grange is active in matters of education in New Jersey and looks carefully after the interest of farmers in its legislature. It favors the establishment of demonstration farms.

Ohio.

Ohio numbers about 44,000 members of the grange in 602 subordinate organizations. Twenty-eight new granges were organized last year. There are twenty-five juvenile granges in the state, with 500 members. There is \$265,000 invested in grange halls in the state. The grange favors county boards of education, making counties the unit in school supervision. Attempts to nullify the initiative and referendum were condemned at the last annual meeting. The grange also believes that any rural credit plans should be under government control to prevent private exploitation.

New Hampshire.

New Hampshire is the best organized state in the grange union. It has better than a grange to each township, and in its 274 granges there are 29,418 members. It has twenty Pomona granges, with 8,581 members. The receipts of the secretary's office last year were \$11,430. It cost the state grange \$1,100 to entertain the national grange. Wesley Adams is the new master of the state grange.

Maine.

Maine has a grange membership of 57,575. The receipts of the secretary's office last year were \$11,846.69. The total attendance at all grange meetings in the state last year was 105,026. The grange in Maine stands for an equitable division of school taxes, heavier tax on corporations and trusts, better schools and better highways, the recall of inefficient officials, vocational training in all secondary schools and rigid enforcement of the state prohibitory law.

A Good Thing.

In one small county in Massachusetts four granges have contributed over \$200 to the state grange educational fund. This fund is for the purpose of helping young people of grange families in getting an education. Thousands of dollars are raised in this way for the purpose of helping young people to help themselves.

He Saved Money.

The National Grange Monthly says: One farmer declared the other day that what he learned from one address in the grange saved him \$100 in one season in feeding his dairy cows. More than 100,000 grange meetings are held every year. Who shall estimate their actual money value to the farmers who attend them?

THE CLIMBERS.

Make up your mind to reach the top and you will get there. Say to yourself, "My place is at the top." Be king in your dreams. Vow that you will reach that position and make no other vows to distract your attention.—Andrew Carnegie.

BETTER ROADS AND "BACK TO THE LAND."

If we had better roads we could easily get people to "see America first." But the real problem is to feed America first, to enable the farmer to bring his produce to the consumer at a cheaper cost to both. The question of better roads, therefore, is not one of furnishing more convenient highways for automobile tourists. It is true that when we better and increase our roads the automobile will grow in importance, not as a plaything of the richer classes, but as the most convenient vehicle of business. Better roads will turn the tide of affairs, so that instead of having people fleeing from the farm to the city we will have the masses moving from the city back to the land.

The crux of the question is not whether we want better roads. We all agree on that. We differ only on the best methods of improving them.—D. W. Shackelford.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The constitutionality of the federal white slave law has again been upheld by the supreme court.

All efforts to move the British government to reconsider its decision not to participate officially in the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco have failed.

There was a demonstration of 30,000 men and women out of employment in the streets of Budapest, windows being smashed and food stores and coal wagons plundered.

Three girls are dead, one is seriously ill, and four others sick, after attending an Italian wedding party in New York, at which home made cordials were served, and the coroner is investigating.

Out of the 225,000 miners in the coal fields of southern France, 40,000 are on strike as a protest against the elimination by the senate of some clauses of the underground workers' pension bill.

The German commander in Mexican waters is preparing to send guns and machine guard to Mexico City. The Chinese already have a marine guard their legation, and the British have sent machine guns to their legation.

The imports under the new tariff law for January were lower than those of the same month of the previous year. From present indications the customs receipts under the new law seem likely to produce a deficit about twice as great as that estimated by the framers of the law.

Business Getters, "Republican Classified Ads."

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

AUSTRIA'S MODEL ROAD SYSTEM

Reputed to Be One of the Best In Europe.

FOUR CLASSES OF ROADS.

Supervision Is Placed In the Hands of Graduates of Government Schools. The Cost of Construction and Reconstruction of Government Highways Is Defrayed by the Government.

In Austria's road system, reputed to be one of the best in Europe, there are 74,267 miles of highway. No estimates of the original cost of the Austrian system reliable enough to be worth repeating ever have been made.

In 1910, however, the government expended \$5,568,290 to maintain 10,008 miles of what is called there government highways, inclusive of donations made toward the construction and reconstruction of certain nongovernmental roads.

There are four classes of roads in Austria. The first class are the government roads—those which are used for military purposes, etc. Second, there are the provincial roads which connect districts of large area. The province may be likened to the state in this country. Third are the district roads which connect towns or are tributaries of other roads or lead to railways. The district corresponds to our county. Fourth or town class are the roads which are not included in other classes.

The difference in classification comes from the difference in administration. The province, district and town look after their own roads. The current cost of ordinary maintenance is obtainable only from the government roads. This includes the construction of bridges, erection of guardhouses, tool magazines and purchases of machinery. Materials used for bridges and culverts are wood, iron and reinforced concrete of the types found everywhere in the United States. Roads are surfaced with macadam and telford. Tar is used as a binder almost exclusively. It is claimed that the tar, besides keeping dust down, increases the life of Austrian roads from two to three years, although government engineers agree that the durability of the aggregate has more to do with the life of the roads than does the binder used. The average width of the roads is from twelve to sixteen feet, with walks two feet wide on either side. A majority of the roads built in the past four years are eighteen and often twenty feet wide, however.

The cost of construction and reconstruction of government roads is defrayed out of the current government revenues. No special taxes for roads are levied. In case any particular community is particularly benefited, however, the government withholds the right to apportion the expense equally.

Supervision of roads is in the hands of graduates of government schools known as district engineers. Each has charge of only seventy-five miles of road. Under them are roadmasters who have charge of twenty-four miles of highway. These men supervise the road crew which has to perform all the work required to keep in order about three miles of road. There are in all about 4,000 men employed on government roads. Salaries are low. Engineers receive from \$400 to \$800 per annum, roadmasters from \$150 to \$300 per year, and keepers from \$15 to \$16 a month. All workers are allowed a pittance for expense money.

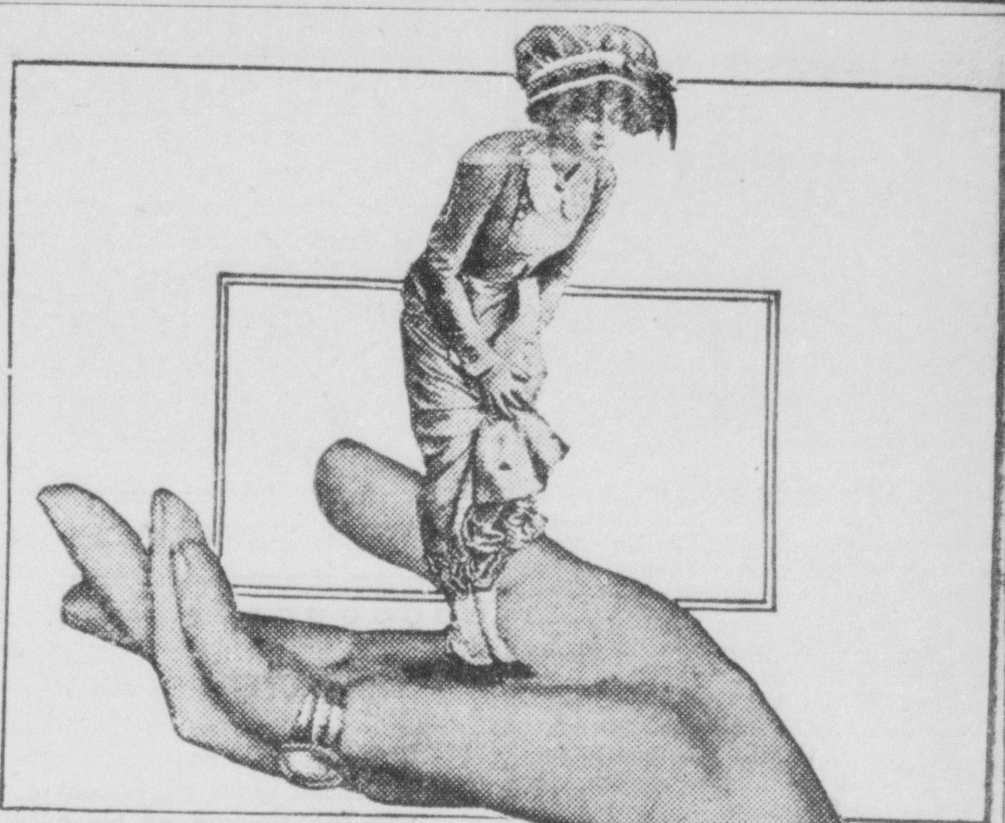
The government keeps a severe check on all its men connected with road work. They are required to make frequent reports showing definitely where every cent of money has gone and the exact progress of the work.

NEEDED FOR ROAD BUILDING.

Organization a Factor Lacking Here, French Engineer Says.

That proper organization for the construction of public highways is an important factor was the opinion of speakers who addressed the recent annual convention of the American Road Builders' association at Philadelphia. Delegates were much impressed with remarks made by J. de Pultigny, director of the French mission of engineers to the United States, who told the convention that what the American system of road building lacks is organization. He called attention to the roads of France, which are among the best in the world, and said that to organization, both in acquiring the money to build roads and their actual construction, was due France's splendid system of highways.

Good roads mean wealth to the state and increased income to all who live along the line of any improved highway. This is realized wherever an improved road is constructed. Once in the enjoyment of good roads no community will ever consent to return to the older highways of alternating mud and dust or with rough stones, ridges and hollows that have done duty for many years at great expense of horse flesh and human endurance.



The HOLLOW of HER HAND

by GEORGE BARR M'CUTCHEON

A WOMAN'S overpowering obsession for revenge upon the snobbish, aristocratic family of her murdered husband prompts her to shelter and protect the girl who had made her a widow so that she might finally drag down the family name by bringing about the marriage of her husband's brother with the girl who had taken a life with justification; thus, in

THE HOLLOW OF HER HAND

lie the destinies of an exclusive family and a beautiful girl. Undoubtedly the best story ever written by the popular author of "Graustark," "Brewster's Millions," "Truxton King," and many other successful novels.

A story that is intensely dramatic with a plot unique beyond the ordinary.

Be sure to read it. Our coming serial!

STEADY GROWTH OF GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT.

Summary of Report on Good Roads by Secretary of Agriculture.

In the annual report of the secretary of agriculture a special chapter is devoted to good roads. For twenty years, it is stated, there has been a steady growth in the good roads movement, so that today about thirty-four states have highway commissions or some other form of highway agency. State appropriations for road work have increased from \$2,000,000 ten years ago to \$43,000,000 in 1912. The relation of the federal government to road construction and road management is pointed out. The federal government should take the lead in investigational and experimental work and should develop principles of co-operation with the states in matters of educational and demonstrational work. It seems desirable that the federal government should deal with the state as the lowest unit through an expert highway commission as its agency. This policy would eliminate the difficulty of the federal government's determining local issues as well as the danger of undue centralized federal control. In order to stimulate this policy and to prevent undue inroads on the federal treasury federal aid whenever extended for construction and maintenance should be furnished on condition that the states provide an appropriation at least double that voted by the federal government. This would furnish an automatic check. The plan should provide for maintenance as well as construction in order to prevent the possibility of the construction of roads many of which may wear out before the bonds placed upon them are paid. The secretary raises the question as to what roads should be improved. He says that the roads of greatest economic and social importance are those over which the products of the farm can be taken to the nearest railway station and which minister to the other social and economic needs of the community. It is pointed out that no federal funds should be expended on any project until a scheme of road construction and maintenance within a

state has been developed and agreed upon by the proper representatives of the state and of the federal government.

OHIO WAKING UP.

Court Decision Gives State Nine Thousand Miles of Highways.

The state of Ohio, which heretofore has not quite kept pace with other units of the country in the matter of good roads, seems now in a position to do at least as well as any other state, this as a result of a recent decision of the supreme court declaring the Hite road tax law valid. Much the same system is to be followed there as in other states, the central government being the leader and the counties contributing and co-operating.

The tax will raise \$3,500,000 this year, to which add \$500,000 or more from the auto licenses and large contributions by the counties. Present plans contemplate the construction of more than 9,000 miles of highways, which is about one-tenth of the entire road mileage of the state.

GENESIS OF A GOOD ROAD.

In ancient days the aborigines Walked tandem in between the forest trees. Their feet, in time, impressed the earth and shale. The route became a trail. When later white men came to rob the red Of realm and room, they brought bovines to tread That course and nip a cud for aftermath. The trail became a path. When Farmer Perkins settled on his claim Up Turkey creek, one day his neighbors came And helped him clear a way to his abode. The path became a road. When Van De Rockster bought the farmer's loam And built himself a country mansion home, The state stepped in and paved that highway hard. 'Tis now a boulevard. —Robertus Love.

Nothing is Impossible

You may think it impossible to have your earning power doubled, tripled or quadrupled, but the realization of such an ambition is no more impossible than flying from New York to Los Angeles—telephoning from New York to Denver—or telegraphing without wires from San Francisco to Japan, all of which has been done within the last year.

The International Correspondence Schools offer to men with ambition the opportunity to make their dreams come true. Thousands of ambitious men are now taking this short cut to better positions—to greater home comforts—to a higher standing as citizens.

Now if you have said, "I CAN DO IT"—say, "I WILL DO IT," and the I. C. S. will help you to succeed. Just mark the coupon, for that is the first step.

This step will bring you without any obligation on your part, all particulars as to how the I. C. S. trains you for success and the realization of your ambition.

Mark and Mail the Coupon NOW

International Correspondence Schools
BOX 1738, SCRANTON, PA.

Please explain, without further obligation on my part, how I can qualify for a larger salary and advancement to the position, trade, or profession before which I have marked X.

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Show-Card Writer
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Mechanical Draftsman
Industrial Designing
Commercial Illustrating
Civil Service
Chemist
English Branches
Automobile Running
Concrete Construction
Electrical Engineering
Electric Lighting
Mechanical Engineering
Civil Engineering
Surveying
Stationary Engineering
Building Contracting
Architectural Drafting
Architecture
Structural Engineering
Plumbing and Steam Fitting
Mining Engineering

Name
St. & No.
City State

Present Occupation



DURING THE HEAVY SNOWS

a great deal of sickness is common among children. It is almost impossible to keep them in; but it is possible to see that their feet will be kept good and warm, do not neglect this but send them over to our well equipped shoe shop for repairs. Our prices are reasonable.

W. N. FOX

Electric Shoe Shop
120 East Second St., Seymour, Ind

Your Credit is Good With Us

STRIKE US
FOR
Any Amount

Money Loaned on Furniture, Pianos, Fixtures, Live Stock.

Investigate Our New Plan
Licensed and Bonded.

INTEREST FOR ONE MONTH ON

\$10.00 is \$0.20 \$ 50.00 is \$1.00
25.00 is .50 100.00 is 2.00
40.00 is .80 250.00 is 5.00

Small charge for papers.

SEYMOUR LOAN CO.

17½ East Second St.,
Over Carter's Bicycle Store.

CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.
Practice limited to diseases of the
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
and Fitting Glasses
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 6 p. m.,
7 to 8 p. m.
Andrews Building Phone 245
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

W. H. BURKLEY
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
AND LOANS
SEYMOUR, IND.

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana,
Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.

One Year.....\$5.00
Six Months.....2.50
Three Months.....1.25
One Month......45
One Week......10

WEEKLY.

One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1914.

CHARACTER READING.

Reading of character from handwriting is an old endeavor. But the reading of business character from a study of advertising is far more interesting and profitable.

Just glance over in this newspaper the advertisements of the merchants whose places you does not the merchant write his store character into his advertising? Is it not possible to form a pretty good idea of the store from the manner in which it makes its announcements in the newspapers?

Merchants are coming to realize more and more that when they write an advertisement they are painting a business portrait of themselves—indicating their business character.

They are more careful in their statements, more modest in their language, and pay more attention to topography and illustration.

Advertising will be prepared this year even more carefully than ever before and there will be more of it.

And by the same token it is going to be more interesting and profitable to the readers.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPER MAY BE ALLOWED TO GIVE BAIL

Ernest Harrison, Sentenced to Term of Twenty-five Years, May be Granted New Trial.

Advertisement.

Salem, Ill., Feb. 26—Back in the Marion county jail on a supreme court order, Ernest Harrison, convicted of kidnapping and attacking Dorothy Holt, 17 year old daughter of Judge William Holt, here last March, and sentenced to serve 25 years in the penitentiary, was hopeful today of securing bail on which he could have his freedom until his new trial, probably in April. Application for bail will be made to the circuit court judge by attorneys for Harrison within a few days, and if granted, it is said, can be promptly furnished.

The new trial date has not been set, but it is expected the circuit court will be willing to hasten the proceeding as much as possible. Court convenes in April.

Sheriff Charles A. Vursell is concerned lest there may be a recurrence of the riots which followed Dorothy's Holt's story of detention and attack in a lonely shack at the outskirts of the city last March, a disturbance which forced the local authorities to call for militia. Vursell believes that with the recent cleaning out of the bootleggers against Judge Holt had been active and against whom revenge was sought by the gang in the girl's kidnapping, the fury which swept the city has passed and the citizens will be willing to allow the law to take its course. The fact that the supreme court's order for a new trial was based on technical points involving chiefly the judge's instructions to the jury, leads to the belief that a re-conviction can be secured and that Harrison will not escape the full punishment which Salem citizens think is due him.

Frank Sullens, who was indicated in the case, confessed to having lured the girl from her home as the tool of Harrison, and was also given a 25 year term in the Chester penitentiary, may be brought back here to testify against Harrison.

Seymour Business College Phone 403.

"Will Go on Your Bond"
Will write any kind of
INSURANCE
CLARK B. DAVIS
LOANS NOTARY

THOS. J. CLARK
Fire, Accident and Tornado
INSURANCE
SURETY BONDS
Opera House Block, Seymour, Ind.

GARDEN TRUCK IS IMPORTANT CROP

In Point of Value is Second Largest
But Only Two Per Cent. of
Land is Used.

SANDY LOAM SOIL IS BEST

Transportation From the Farm to
The Consumer is One of the Biggest Problems to be Solved.

Advertisement.

Washington, February 26—Garden truck, the second largest crop, in the point of value, grown in the United States, is raised on but 2 per cent. of the land especially adapted for that purpose and most of the remaining 98 per cent. is idle. Dr. F. K. Cameron, of the Bureau of Soils, who knows more about dirt than any other man in the country, has reached this conclusion and he says that the present need is not for more extensive gardening, but for better shipping facilities at terminals. The barrier between the city dweller and a mess of green peas is to be removed by finance rather than by farming.

"The finest garden soil in the world is a sandy loam, usually not very good for general farming," said the expert, in discussing the question with a United Press correspondent, "and land of this nature stretches all the way from New England to Texas. Transportation to market is the biggest problem. In New York, Chicago, St. Louis and other big cities, the problem is much more the same and it is being attacked from two angles. The city people are turning back to the soil, and the engineers are devising new methods of quick transportation."

Dr. Cameron was moved to this comment in view of a recent story from New York that an agriculturist there had devised a new method of forcing vegetable growth by applying "carbonic acid gas" direct to the earth. The government has made several experiments of this nature, but has produced no unusual results. Certain other methods, however, result in abnormally large vegetables but these are generally without any economic value.

"Big vegetables do not save anything, because there is plenty of room to grow truck," explained the expert. "The best land for this purpose is a sandy loam, because it can be controlled easy and worked up nicely. A soil analysis will show the proper fertilizer, and land, unlike muscle, improves in strength and productivity when properly used."

A pound of fresh poultry represents an investment of from 13.1 cents to 20.6 cents, providing the most scientific methods have been used in the breeding and feeding. After experiments covering nearly three years, during which time more than a million fowls were fattened for the market, the animal husbandry division of the Bureau of Animal Industry has arrived at these figures. The higher figures represent the cost of the fowl in July and this gradually becomes less until November.

The experiments were conducted under the supervision of Alfred R. Lee, whose aim was to discover the cheapest food for the commercial fattening of poultry. Every variety of fattening was tried and three model rations were finally decided upon.

No. 1 consists of three parts corn meal, two parts low grade wheat flour and one part shorts; No. 2 has three parts corn meal, two parts low grade wheat flour, and No. 3 has five parts corn meal, three parts low grade wheat flour, one part shorts and five per cent. of tallow. The same feeding value is secured in a ration of three parts corn meal and two parts oat flour, but at an increased cost of 37 cents per hundred pounds of grain.

Tallow makes the fat on the birds more pronounced, but increases the cost of the grain in weight. Thick condensed buttermilk in the place of tallow produces better results. The addition of beef scraps to the buttermilk was tried but this did not increase the gain. Grit was found to be of no value in fattening for a period under fifteen days.

Under commercial conditions in the middle west the best results are secured by fattening for about fourteen days during the summer. After the middle of September this period should be shortened gradually till the fattening process lasts only six or seven days.

Birds eat more when fed three times a day, but show greater gain per pound when fed but twice a day. In the experiments conducted by

the government there was a great variation in the results secured in fattening. This was due to the difference in the ability of the birds to take on little flesh, to their weight at the beginning of the feeding, and to weather conditions.

The variation in birds makes their selection in fattening of considerable importance. It was also shown that broilers can be fattened about a cent and a half cheaper per pound than roasters.

JOHN A. LAPP IN FAVOR OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Director of Bureau of Legislative Information Against the "Pork Barrel" Methods.

By United Press.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 26—John A. Lapp, director of the Indiana bureau of legislative information, who was recently honored by President Wilson with a position on the commission of vocational education, came out strongly today in an article written for the United Press against the "pork barrel" method of distributing funds. This statement from Lapp is the first shaft directed against the group that desires the national government to appropriate fixed amounts to the various states, leaving it to the states to determine how the money shall be expended. Mr. Lapp says he is unalterably opposed to such a manner of distribution. The statement follows:

Vocational education is one of our most pressing problems. We have suddenly awakened to the inadequacy of our schools to be of service to the vast army of boys and girls who go to work at an early age. We believe in universal education and if we are true to our beliefs we shall provide schools for the people suited to the needs of all and within the reach of all.

It is a national problem underlying national greatness and prosperity. The state and local communities will be able to do much, but the help of the nation is essential to effective vocational education. I rejoice, therefore, that the national government is ready to move, to the end that the local units, the state and the nation, may jointly do justice in the right education of every boy and girl in the land.

The commission must decide some fundamental questions, and foremost is the question of how national aid shall be distributed. I want to record myself as being unalterably opposed to any "pork barrel" method of distribution. It would be wrong in principle and would be destructive to the very ends we seek. Not a dollar should be given by the federal government to the state for any purpose unless means are provided to insure efficient expenditures by the state for the purpose in view. This is particularly true of national aid for vocational education, for the success of such education depends upon its being kept free from all frills, fads, academic traditions and mere theory. And national aid must be safeguarded by requiring that work for which it shall be given shall be of a standard grade and worth while.

Another problem confronting the commission is to determine what kind of vocational education shall be aided. I believe that all vocational work of the right sort should be encouraged. But the emphasis should be laid where the need is greatest. Our greatest needs today lie in agriculture, domestic science and industrial pursuits. We should emphasize these, but schools of commerce and business of a high standard should also be encouraged.

Mr. Lapp said he expected the commission to meet within a few days in Washington. It will then organize and outline the investigation to be undertaken. The commission will doubtless visit many sections of the country to learn the needs and sentiments of the people. In addition to Mr. Lapp it has the following members: United States Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, Carroll F. Page of Vermont, Representative Hughes of Georgia, Representative Fess of Ohio, Charles A. Prosser of New York, secretary of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education; Charles H. Winslow, of the Bureau of Labor at Washington, Florence Marshall, director of the Manhattan Trade school, New York City, and Agnes Nestor, prominent trade union leader of Chicago.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our heartfelt thanks to our friends and neighbors for their kindness shown us during the illness and death of our beloved husband and father, John Fox. We especially thank the ministers for their consoling words, Will Hustedt, the undertaker, the choir and those who contributed floral offerings. We will always hold them in grateful remembrance.
d&w Mrs. John Fox and Children.

GIVE THE BURGLAR THE "HA, HA!" BANK YOUR CASH WITH US



SOME people extend invitations to the THIEF AND HOLDUP MAN. They carry on their persons or in their homes large sums of money. A CHECK BOOK is of no use to the professional thief. Still, a check is AS GOOD AS CASH to the tradesman or for the immediate household wants. If you haven't a bank account

OPEN ONE TODAY.

Fire and Burglar Proof Vaults for Your Valuables

The First National Bank

SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

LEST YOU FORGET

Try one pound of our
Country Store
Coffee at.....28c
One 15c Bread Pan Free
with first pound as an
introductory offer.

Best Milk
5c size.....4c

Best Milk
10c size.....8c

Star Tobacco
per pound.....39c

Fresh Crackers
per pound.....5c

All this week we will sell
LENOX SOAP
2 bars for.....5c

Not over 100 bars
to customer

Choice Patent FLOUR,
satisfaction
guaranteed, bag 55c

Pure Lard
per pound.....12½c

Heavy Canvas Gloves,
Knit Wrist 15c
2 pair for.....

Nails, sizes 8 to \$2.25
60, per 100 lbs.

RAY R. KEACH,
E. Second St., SEYMOUR, IND.

BEST FOR THE HOME STERLING MAZDA LAMPS

Also a Full Line of GAS MANTLES

Have Your Bicycle Cleaned and Repaired Now

W. A. Carter & Son

Agents for RACYCLE. Opposite Interurban Station

WASHINGS DONE

ON THE 1900 ELECTRIC WASHER
are satisfactory. 30 days FREE trial.
Sold on EASY PAYMENTS. Ask us.

NEAL ELECTRIC CO.

Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES.

Alice C. Brooks.
Mrs. Ada Calhoun.
Mss Grace Wilson.

MEN.

John Abdon.
H. M. Jackson.
Mr. Will Robinson.
Mr. H. A. Van Brunt.

EDWARD A. REMY,
Postmaster.

Dog Owners.

The city dog license of \$1.00 for the year 1914 must be paid to the city clerk on or before Saturday, Feb. 28th. Owners of dogs without the city tag after that date will be prosecuted.

d27d H. L. McCord, Chief of Police.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

Special Prices Ladies' and Men's SHOES

\$5.00 Shoes\$3.98
\$4.50 Shoes\$3.49
\$4.00 Shoes\$3.29
\$3.50 Shoes\$2.89
\$3.00 Shoes\$2.29
\$2.50 Shoes\$1.98
\$2.00 Shoes\$1.49

Take Advantage of These Prices.
Big Bargains in Rubbers.

P. COLABUONO



OUR
**\$10 and
\$15**
Overcoats

Are fastly being claimed because of the excellent Style and quality at the price, even though we are not having a big sale.

We have some special prices that are attracting a lot of attention.

You will find just your ideal in style, quality and price at this store.

Other styles up to \$20.

THE HUB
THE RELIABLE STORE

A Cold Weather Appetite.

Don't send the children here for "pickles." Tell them what kind you want. We have jumbo sour, dill, sweet and sweet mixed.

Flake or cracked hominy will suit the appetite during this cold weather. If you want something more quickly prepared order a 5 or 10c can of lye hominy.

We will have fresh oysters each day after Tuesday. Campbell's soup is wholesome and clean. Serve a different kind each day, along with it some of our crisp salty reception flakes.

New tomatoes, head and leaf lettuce, kale, rhubarb, Wine-sap and Roman Beauty apples, cranberries, Florida oranges—fresh today.

Phone 170. L. L. BOLLINGER.

The Simple Way

To treat the skin is the Nyal way. It is a pleasure to use Nyal Cream, and the directions are so plain and easily followed that a child can understand. Get a Nyal complexion by using Nyal Cream. Price 25c.

Cox's Pharmacy
Phone 100

**HONOR SYSTEM PAYS
IN ILLINOIS PRISON**

Twenty-eight Prisoners Work on State Highway But Are Not Under Watch of Guard.

By United Press.

Joliet, Ill., February 26.—As a reward for good conduct while at Camp Hope, near Dixon, Ill., where they worked on a state highway without being guarded, twenty-eight convicts today enjoyed the freedom of the grounds about the state penitentiary here, where some of them were busily engaged in beautifying the grounds. A number of the honor men, under the direction of Superintendent Thomas F. Keegan, who was in charge of Camp Hope, were at work today at the 1,000 acre state farm near Joliet. All of the twenty-eight men were garbed in ordinary laboring clothing, they worked unguarded, and beyond a quiet reserve, there was little to distinguish them from ordinary citizens.

The experiment of placing convicts at work on the honor system, first tried out in Illinois by Warden E. M. Allen of the Joliet penitentiary, marks the beginning of a new creed in the treatment of criminals. The experiment has proved so successful, after a five months' thorough test, that Warden Allen intends to follow the system on a more extensive scale during next summer.

On September 3, forty-six convicts, who had made commendable records within the prison walls, were taken by Superintendent Keegan to Camp Hope. There the men, unguarded, lived in tents, did their own cooking, washing, etc., and put in over 100 days work at improving a highway.

The road work consisted in cutting down an almost impassable clay hill and macadamizing the road.

The men worked with a will, although their compensation was only in knowing that they were being trusted, even though under sentence in the state penitentiary. As a demonstration of their enthusiasm to make good, they often requested that they be permitted to work on Saturday afternoons, a practice forbidden at the penitentiary. Religious services were conducted at the camp every Sunday by the Rev. A. D. Whitcombe, of the St. Luke's Episcopal Church, of Dixon.

Not one of the convicts attempted to escape, although frequent opportunity presented. One night a barn located two miles away took fire. The entire camp rushed to the scene, helped to extinguish the fire, saved several adjoining buildings and every man returned to quarters.

Eighteen of the convicts were discharged after the camp was established, either by pardon, parole or by termination of sentence. Each of the eighteen men started life with a firmer determination to make good, instilled with confidence and courage by their experience at Camp Hope. Records kept of those released show that all have secured honest employment and several have begun a rapid ascent upward in business life.

Most of the twenty-eight men who have returned to prison will be released comparatively soon, their sentences to be shortened because of good conduct records.

Treasurer of Glee Club.

Miss Ethel Rottman, of this city, a student at DePauw University, has been elected treasurer of the Girls' Glee Club. The club will give a concert as one of the numbers of the spring music festival program. Miss Rottman is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rottman, of North Walnut street.

Scrapple Roll 10c. All Grocers. m25d

A Velvetina Complexion
IS SIMPLY PERFECTION

The Three Wonders

VELVETINA Vanishing Cream
MASSAGE Cream
FACE POWDER

The Velvetina Products are endorsed by 100 of Seymour's leading ladies

For Sale at
Rucker's Drug Store
Opposite Interurban Station. Phone 789

PERSONAL.

Jack Johnson went to Medora this morning on business.

Rev. H. R. Booch made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

B. F. Schneck made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

Harvey Woodruff, of Scottsburg, was in the city today on business.

Walter Bidwell made a business trip to Crothersville this morning.

Carlisle Allen was here from Brownstown this morning on business.

Horace Bunton, of Redding township, was in the city on business today.

Mrs. James Demaree went to Cincinnati this morning to spend a few days.

Mrs. George Riley went to Mitchell this morning to visit her brother, Roy Lanham.

Mrs. J. H. Fox went to Reddington Wednesday to attend the funeral of the late John Fox.

Mrs. Nellie Mason, of Columbus, came this afternoon to spend a week with relatives here.

Mrs. Anna George, of Ft. Ritner, came this morning to visit until after Sunday with relatives.

L. W. Jones attended the funeral of the late John Fox, at Reddington Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Albert Perry, of Paris Crossing, came this morning to spend a few days with relatives.

Miss Lula Massman has returned from an extended visit with relatives in Dayton and Cincinnati, O.

Mrs. L. W. Jones and Mrs. Mary England have gone to Bloomington to visit Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jones.

Mrs. Elmer Scott and children, of Freetown, were here this morning on their way home from Indianapolis.

Mrs. Frank Patrick of Crothersville, was in the city this morning on her way to Brownstown to spend the day.

Mrs. I. C. Morgan came today from Scottsburg on account of the illness of her sister, Miss Mabel Harrod.

Mrs. Florence Wetzel of North Vernon, came this afternoon to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Willey.

H. E. Hennis, route agent for the United States Express Company, was in the city Wednesday on business.

Peter Bulger, a conductor on the Pennsylvania Lines, has returned from Florida where he spent several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Trotter went to Shieldstown this morning to spend the day with Charles Dahlenburg and family.

Mrs. M. E. Faster returned to her home in Indianapolis this morning after spending a week here with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Will Clark and Mrs. Henry Osterman went to Indianapolis this afternoon on account of the illness of Mrs. Mark Williams, who is in a critical condition.

George Baker, of near Hayden, was in Seymour transacting business today. His brother, Joseph F. Baker, of Indianapolis, who is visiting him, accompanied him.

Mrs. J. Marton, a representative of Western College, of Oxford, O. who has been spending a few days here the guest of Mrs. C. R. Hoffman, returned home today.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

WEDDING ANNOUNCED.

Donald Hopkins, of this city, and Miss Margaret Fulton, of Omaha, Nebraska, were married September 2, 1913 at Springfield, Ill. Only the immediate relatives knew of their marriage and they kept it a secret from their friends until Wednesday. They will make their future home in St. Louis.

British Girls.

From their nicely poised chins to their long, swaying legs, British maidens are restraint personified. They are civil, even kind. They talk the most gracious sing-song. Sometimes they even go so far as to smile archly. But never for a moment is there a suggestion of that frank, merry boyishness which is born and bred in the American girl.—New York Tribune.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold wrapper. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

JOHN A. WEAVER
Pension Attorney and Notary Public

All business in my line given prompt attention. Come and see me at the same old stand, where I have been for twenty-five years.

SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

OUR line of Clothing Samples from the **ROYAL Tailors** for the Spring and Summer seasons have arrived, and we will be pleased to have you call and inspect them.

We can assure you satisfaction in fit, style, quality and workmanship

Made to Your Measure—\$16.00 to \$35.00.

Adolph Steinwedel
17 North Chestnut Street

YOUR Watch or Clock
Can be Made to Keep Time
Let us Prove It
STRATTON--Jeweler

New Books.

The Seymour Public Library has added the following books:

Adult.
Fiction.
DeJean—House of Thane.
Locke—Derelicts.
Fothergill—First Violin.
Literature.
Burroughs—Time and Change.
Juvenile.
Biography.
Lindsay—Daniel Boone, Backwoodsman.
History.
Sabin—On the Plains With Custer.
Description.
Dragounis—Under Greek Skies.
Fiction.
Ellis—Boy Patrol on Guard.
Vandercok—Ranch Girls at Rainbow Lodge.

Mrs. B. F. Schneck and Mrs. L. L. Bollinger went to New Albany this morning to spend the day.

J. B. Freeman of Greenwood, was called here on account of the illness of his daughter, Mrs. Zelma Leas.

SEYMOUR MARKET.

Wagon Wheat	.....92c
New Corn	.....60c
Shelled oats, per bu.	.....40c
Straw, wheat, ton	.....7.00
Straw, oats, ton	.....8.00
Hay, timothy, loose	.....\$16@19
Hay, timothy, baled	.....\$16@18
Hay, clover, ton	.....\$14@17

POULTRY.

Hens, per pound	.....12c
Springs, per pound	.....10c
Guineas, apiece	.....25c
Ducks, per pound	.....10c
Geese, per pound	.....8c
Old roosters, per pound	.....7c
Turkeys, per pound	.....16c
Old Toms, per pound	.....12c
Pigeons, per dozen	.....75c
Eggs, per dozen	.....22c
Butter, per pound	.....15c

HOGS.

Top	.....\$8-\$8.45
Light	.....\$7.75-\$8.25

CATTLE.

Butcher cattle	.....\$7@8
Veal calves, per lb.	.....\$6-\$7

SHEEP.

Best\$5
------	----------

25 per cent. Reduction Better Clothes **25 per cent. Reduction**

THOMAS CLOTHING CO.

Extra Trousers

This is the time of the year when extra trousers are almost a necessity. We have a choice lot of fancy Casimeres, Worsteds, Serges and Corduroys to close out to make room for our Spring stock. We are making a reduction of 25 per cent. on all our heavy trousers for this week. Better get a pair.

THOMAS CLOTHING CO.

25 per cent. Reduction Better Service **25 per cent. Reduction**



HERE'S NEWS

The coal to be had here never varies in quality—it is always the best to be had and it's free from slate and dirt too, thus eliminating all waste. It will surprise you to know how much can be saved by having us fill your wants.

Raymond City at \$4.25 Per Ton.

EBNER ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.
COAL AND ICE
PHONE No. 4.



THE MAIN BUILDING ESSENTIAL

is "good, first quality lumber, free from knots, cracks and imperfections," kiln dried and properly seasoned. No matter what kind of a house you build lumber must of necessity be used in the greater part of it. So the better the lumber the better the house. This is one great reason why it should be supplied by Seymour Planning Mill Co. Their lumber is always of the best grade and furnished according to contract.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut.

Building Material
The Very Best
at the
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.
High Grade Mill Work
Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

Geo. F. Meyer
Drug Store
104 S. Chestnut St.
Phone 247

Sudie Mills Matlock
Piano Teacher
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

ANNA E. CARTER
NOTARY PUBLIC
Office at the Daily Republican office, 108 West Second St.

H. LETT, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR
Phones—643 and 644

FIRE INSURANCE
A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow.
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal Building

OSTEOPATHY BY THE **Spaunhurst**
Osteopaths
D. L. Robeson, resident.
Full three year graduate in Osteopathy. Fifth year in Seymour, 14 West Second Street. Phone No. 557

FETE OF WONDERS ON CENTENARY OF "THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER"

Features of the Great Ten Day Celebration In Baltimore.

Army, Navy, Militia and Fraternal Societies to Participate.

WITH a noteworthy patriotic celebration on Feb. 22 as a preliminary, Baltimore is at work on plans to make the centenary of the writing of "The Star Spangled Banner" the chief national event of 1914 and to group around it notable celebrations of patriotism and peace. The successful defense of Baltimore at North Point and Fort McHenry comprised the final battles which preceded the treaty of Ghent, and these will be emphasized.

One of the important incidents of the centennial celebration of "The Star Spangled Banner" will be the placing of a suitable memorial to Francis Scott Key, who wrote the national hymn, at St. John's college, Annapolis, of which institution he was a graduate. Key was married at the Chase House, in Annapolis. Consequently Annapolis will figure quite conspicuously in the centennial in addition to the exercises which will be held in and around the naval academy.

An Accurate Prophecy.

The first press reproduction of "The Star Spangled Banner" was in the Baltimore Patriot and Evening Advertiser on Sept. 20, 1814. By way of ed-



Photo by American Press Association. JAMES H. PRESTON, PRESIDENT OF "STAR SPANGLED BANNER" COMMISSION.

itorial comment the farsighted editors aptly state that "the following beautiful and animating effusion, which is destined long to outlast the occasion and outlive the impulse which produced it, has already been extensively circulated. In our first renewal of publication we rejoice in an opportunity to enliven a sketch of an exploit so illustrious with strains which so fitly celebrate it."

It is supposed to have been sung for the first time by Ferdinand Durang in a tavern near the Holiday Street wharf, Baltimore. Unquestionably this was the first application of the words "The Star Spangled Banner" to the flag, and it is also supposed that the origin of the motto on the coins "In God We Trust" came from the line in Key's poem "In God is our trust."

Faded Relic Still Preserved.

The historic banner which gave Key his inspiration is still preserved in the National museum in Washington. It measures 27 feet 6 inches by 32 feet 10 inches, and, though much faded and torn, its fifteen stripes and stars are still to be seen and mark it as distinctive in this respect. It is one of the very few of the national flags having fifteen bars as well as fifteen stars, being issued at a time just preceding the standardization of the number of the stripes as thirteen, with the addition of a star in the case of each new state.

This flag has been on exhibition in the older National museum building, where it was deposited in 1907 as a loan by its owner, Eben Appleton of New York, grandson of Colonel George Armistead, the heroic officer in charge of Fort McHenry during this battle, but in 1912 it was officially presented to the government and left in the museum.

The Baltimore Program.

In an official announcement of the forthcoming celebration at Baltimore, A. Barneveld Bibbins, executive chairman, says:

The range of the celebration will include Washington, Annapolis, Frederick and the whole of the Chesapeake Bay, with the main program and the climax in Baltimore. The national "Star Spangled Banner" centennial commission has been incorporated. The honorary presidents are Woodrow Wilson, William H. Taft and Theodore Roosevelt. The vice presidents are the vice president of the United States

sembled in American waters, including every form of naval architecture from the caravels of Columbus to the latest Dreadnought.

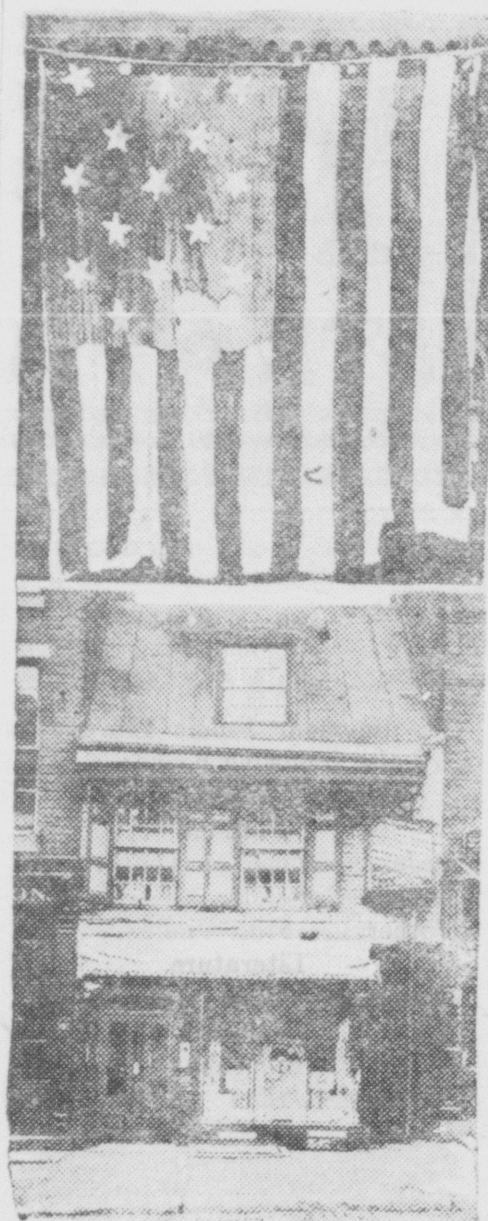
Spectacular Tournaments.

On the third day there will be a revival of the fete and of the riding and running tournaments of the early years. The tournament is still a popular form of skill and recreation in the south, particularly in Maryland. It means wonderful riding and running, superb tilting and the crowning of the successful knights by queens of love and beauty and maids of honor. At the Baltimore tournament the best riders and runners in America will participate. With it will be notable modern athletic contests in all departments of American sportsmanship.

On the fourth day the fraternal orders of America will make the most imposing demonstration in their history. In these orders the strong note is loyalty and patriotism. So they will add to the occasion not only a fine inspiration, but a practical demonstration of their strength and influence in America. The fraternal orders have been prime movers in all the centennial work.

The fifth day will be devoted to municipal and national pageantry and exercises showing the civic, historical and educational progress of the century, and with notable speakers.

The sixth day will be the parade of the army, navy and national guard. It is expected to make this the military event of the year. One of the features will be the reunion of British and American soldiers at the North Point battlefield, where the last armed conflict on land took place in 1814 before the treaty of peace was signed. This will follow the unveiling of the peace monument there. Among the speakers



BANNER WHICH INSPIRED KEY; PHILADELPHIA BIRTHPLACE OF AMERICAN FLAG.

will be Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, the British ambassador, the secretary of war and others. At night there will be a brilliant banquet in honor of distinguished guests.

Address by the President.

On Saturday, Sept. 12, which is the centennial anniversary of the defense of Baltimore, the exercises will fill the whole day. The main events will be the address of President Woodrow Wilson and the singing of the national anthem by a "human flag" composed of thousands of school children. At night the bombardment of Fort McHenry will be reproduced, and there will be a water carnival with illuminated floats and a spectacular rendering of the national anthem by the combined bands.

On Sunday peace and memorial day will be observed by various exercises in all churches and other places of public assembly, including addresses by former President William H. Taft, William J. Bryan, secretary of state, and other representatives of the world peace movement.

Monday, Sept. 14, will be naval pageant day, with the participation of many of the history making ships of the century, the presence of Admiral Dewey, a trip to Annapolis and a salute at the tomb of John Paul Jones, who was the first to raise and defend the American flag on the high seas. Among the speakers will be Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy; Admiral Dewey, General Horace Porter, Admiral Baird and Assistant Secretary Franklin D. Roosevelt, who will describe the 1812 British trophy flags on exhibition at the Naval academy.

Tuesday, Sept. 15, will be Key memorial day, with a pilgrimage to the birthplace and the tomb of Key at Frederick city.

Events on Water and In Air.

This program gives but an outline of the ten days. There will be a great Chesapeake regatta off Fort McHenry and an aviation meet with demonstrations of aviation in relation to warfare. There are 10,000 boats in the Chesapeake Bay and there are almost as many in the Delaware. From these and from the craft of New York and southern points will come the swiftest and best, and the contests will include the various forms of marine architecture and skilled seamanship.

WILL PATROL SEA IN SEARCH OF ICE

United States Revenue Cutter to Locate Danger Spots.

WAR ON BERGS IN SPRING.

Maritime Nations Join In Bearing the Expense of Movement Looking to Protection of Thousands of Lives and Millions of Property From Arctic Menace of the Atlantic Ocean.

Active military operations are about to begin in the war declared by the nations of the world represented at the London conference for safety at sea against the frozen elements, whose iceberg hordes, like the viking freebooters of other days, make annual descent from their northern fastnesses into southern waters to be a terror inspiring peril of the Atlantic ocean.

The revenue cutter Seneca, the first ship in the world in international service, has been ordered on scout duty.

Not yet are the invading icebergs expected to leave their northern clime, but the Seneca is directed to go right into the midst of their Arctic camp to observe their preparations for the spring movement southward.

A Hazardous Mission.

The scout duty is attended with danger. The Seneca will be required to risk the crushing force of the enemy, relying upon swiftness and craft to escape and report observations.

When the scouting assignment is brought to an end with the start of the invaders toward the south, then the campaign against the icebergs will enter another phase. Patrol duty will begin and the Seneca will have the aid of a sister ship. The enemy's movements will be under constant surveillance and their force and progress subject to uninterrupted report to the nations warning upon them.

It was a big compliment paid to the revenue cutter service of the United States, says the Washington Star, when the nations in conference awarded to it the duty of fighting the iceberg peril. It came about because the iceberg patrol had been conducted by the revenue cutter service with splendid results in providing safety for ships at sea.

Based upon an estimate of the comparative value of national shipping interests, a division of the expense of maintaining an iceberg campaign was established. England agreed at once on its own initiative to bear 30 per cent of the expense. Germany considered herself obligated to pay only 15 per cent. France was determined to pay no less than Germany. The United States' share of the expense was estimated at the same proportion. Other nations agreed to bear the rest of the cost, ranging from 5 per cent up.

The advance guard of the iceberg invaders is not expected to march until the first days of May. In the meantime the Seneca will conduct observations and prepare the maritime world for the exact moment of the descent of the icebergs from the north.

Besides being the only ship afloat or ever afloat in international world service, the Seneca is the only derelict destroyer in the world. She is almost the largest boat in the revenue cutter service, is well designed and fully equipped for derelict destroying and the special task now assigned to her and has engines to drive her that any seagoing vessel would be proud of.

Scientific Observations.

Methods of observation for obtaining results which it is hoped will aid in defeating the menace of floating ice are set down in the orders. Observations are to be taken at recorded times, extending from the surface to the bottom of the sea. These observations are to be made at well defined geographical positions throughout the region patrolled.

While the practical work of the Seneca as outlined in the orders is not to be subordinated to the work of scientific investigation, the derelict destroyer is to take aboard at Halifax a detail of scientists, with their instruments.

Captain Johnston is required to afford these scientists every facility for and assistance in making their observations. He will collect what data they may desire. It is believed that most valuable information can be collected from the observations of the scientists without in any way interfering with the primary duties of the Seneca.

SIMPLE COOKING LONDON FAD

Display of Robust Appetites Is Fashion's Latest Decree.

What may be termed nursery cookery is all the rage in society circles. For the moment dainty food and French dishes are at a discount among smart people in England.

One country house hostess recently had porridge served to her ball guests before they left in the morning. Suet puddings, for the past twenty years never seen on the boards of smart Londoners, now come to the table almost every day. Doctors have taken to ordering them for the children, and the adults have awakened to the fact that they are very good. Dripping toast and sausages are on all the best breakfast tables, and instead of talking of their dyspepsia cures and appendicitis, as they did in Edwardian times, people now feel the correct thing to be to profess and display robust appetites.

In the News and Out of the Ordinary

Mittens as a detail of men's evening dress are a curious innovation or revival in London.

Pittsburgh may have "manless" saloons in the near future, with women bartenders and women porters.

When a Kansas City grocery clerk opened a box of hothouse cucumbers from Florida two yellow butterflies flew out.

"A case I can never win," said Attorney Frank Moss at Yonkers, N. Y., "is one against a pretty woman, especially when she gets hysterical."

In tearing down a building at Alton, Ill., a tightly closed glass jar was found containing a quart of dried corn, at least seventy-five years old. It is well preserved and will be planted in the spring.

Mrs. Harriet Hubler of Camden, N. J., was released on a bigamy charge when she produced a receipt from a lawyer showing she had paid him \$100 to obtain a divorce. She thought it was the decree.

DANGER IN CREAM CAKE: ADVISABLE PRECAUTIONS.

French Scientist Discovers Fatal Bacilli on Person of the Cook.

Professor Chantemesse, the French bacteriologist, has made a report to the Paris Academy of Medicine which should be of interest to all housekeepers. A few weeks ago ten persons died in the town of Cholet as the result of eating cream cakes. As there previously had been similar though not fatal epidemics in the same house the government instructed Professor Chantemesse to investigate. He found that the poisoning was due to the presence of paratyphoid bacilli.

Further inquiry showed that the cook, though herself perfectly immune, swarmed with these bacilli, thus unconsciously sowing the contagion. Such contagion carrying persons, according to Professor Chantemesse, are fairly numerous.

The bacteriologist concludes his report with a recipe for cream cake, saying that it should be prepared with boiled milk and strictly fresh eggs. The yolks should be stirred with milk heated as much as possible, and all the utensils should previously be immersed in boiling water. The yellow cream should be thoroughly cooled before being spread on the whipped whites of eggs. The whole should be kept in a cold place until served.

Before beginning work the cook's hands should be washed and cleansed with soap and lather and should then be kept covered with white cotton gloves during the operation. The professor adds that had the cakes been eaten immediately they would have been harmless, but they were kept in a warm place, where the germs multiplied rapidly.

AN ARMY OF CYCLE COPS.

Kansas Has Original Scheme For Catching Bank Robbers.

A novel plan for the capture of bank robbers in Kansas is being promoted by Dr. B. J. Patterson, national president of the Federation of American Motor Cyclists and president of the Short Grass Motorcycle club of Pratt, Kan. Dr. Patterson is arranging with the Bankers' association to establish a motorcycle patrol for this purpose.

The plan is to have a motorcycle captain for each congressional district and a lieutenant for each town. If a bank is robbed the lieutenant is to be notified immediately. He calls out all the motorcycleists in a wide radius, and they patrol all the roads until trace of the robbers is obtained. The police are then notified, and they and the cyclists close in on the robbers. The motorcycleists are to receive pay for the time they are on the trail.

A "LAND LIGHTHOUSE."

President Wilson's Cousin Believes It Will Benefit Motorists.

John Wilson, president of the American Automobile association and a cousin of President Wilson, thinks he has made a discovery which will be of the greatest benefit to automobilists in the United States. It consists of a "land lighthouse" in the shape of an acetylene lamp arranged on the same principle as light buoys at sea. The lamp gives seventy flashes a minute. It costs \$7.50 a year and will last that time without recharging. One of them is now in use at a dangerous crossing in England.

Mr. Wilson feels that it will be invaluable to motorists in the United States because nobody, unless he is stupefied by drink, can fail to see the warning flashes.

Had Desperate Fight With Wildcat.

John Carter of Irvinetown, Pa., had been shooting and was returning to his camp when he saw a wildcat perched in the branches of a tree. He fired and the animal dropped to the ground. Again he fired. The cat leaped on him and would have torn him to pieces had not his dog attacked the infuriated animal from behind and thus offered an opportunity for Carter to finish it with his knife.

A BETTER WAY THAN SPANKING

"Wild Indian" Temper of Bad Boy Yields to Kindness.

WAS INCORRIGIBLE AT HOME

Frequent Whippings Failed to Cure Fierce Outbursts of Lad Who Threatened to Shoot Up School to Which He Was Taken and Where Patience Effected Desired Reform.

How a "wild Indian" was converted into a sweet and lovable member of society by the anti-spanking methods of Mme. Montessori is told by Mrs. A. Reno Margulies, principal of the Children's house, on Washington Heights, New York.

"There was one little boy in the class," she said, "who wouldn't do anything that he was asked to do. All he wanted to do was to play wild Indian and cowboy. If he was crossed in any way he became wild with rage and stamped his feet, shouting, 'I'll shoot you and all the children!' This child was absolutely unmanageable at home. His father brought him to school with but little confidence in my ability to control him without the laying on of hands.

"Do you actually mean that you will never touch him?" he asked.

Parental Co-operation.

"Certainly," I said, "if you promise not to punish him at home for one month, so that you will not spoil the effect of my work at the school."

"So we made the pact that the child was not to be spanked for one month. At school, when he flew into one of his fits of passion and threatened to shoot us all, I just looked at him in a surprised and grieved way. 'I'm sorry if you feel that way about us,' I would say and then go away from him.

"Yes, of course, at first the other children laughed when he said the 'smart' things. They would stop their work, too, to see what he would do next. But I never scolded him. Then one day we were all going upstairs. He refused to go too. I left him alone in the room for awhile. Then I returned and went about my work, paying no attention to him. Presently I looked up, and as I caught his eye a smile flooded his face. He looked into my eyes and loved me.

The Turning Point.

"From that moment he has been a different child. He had suddenly realized that we would be friends. Grow-ups to him before this had meant creatures who opposed everything he wanted to do. He was developing an attitude of hostility toward the whole world which threatened to ruin his whole character. He would never have been a happy child if his parents had continued to whip him.

"He is a brilliant child, with a strong personality. Now he is the leader in the games which he would not play before. He has developed a remarkable feeling for music and rhythm and dits about in the dances like a happy butterfly."

There are other stories of the remarkable progress of the children in the Montessori school. Little Dorothy insisted on learning to do the bookwork. It took her a whole month, and the teacher thought she would have to give it up because it was very hard for such tiny fingers, but she conquered at last, and now she insists on tying her father's shoestrings every morning.

TO HUNT DEADLY PARASITE.

British Scientists Will Study It In Chinese Rivers.

An interesting expedition is to be undertaken immediately by some of those who took part in recent antarctic exploration. Dr. E. L. Atkinson, the navy surgeon who was parasitologist of the Scott expedition, accompanied by Cherry Garrard, will start this month from London with a small party and travel across northern China in order to track to its lair a minute creature which is the cause of a serious malady.

It is supposed that this parasite spends a part of its life in shellfish found in the Yangtze and other Chinese rivers. At any rate, it is found in water and attaches itself to those who work in and about water. Then it penetrates the skin, and if the attack is severe it may cause death. The discovery of the life history of the parasite, it is hoped, will lead to the discovery of a cure for the disease caused by it.

WHY GROCERY BILLS ARE HIGH

Assemblyman Discovers That Women Have Whisky Charged as Butter.

Assemblyman Henry Scheidemann, who has introduced in the New York legislature a bill to prevent grocers selling liquors, declares that the measure strikes at the very foundation of the high cost of living.

"I am a grocer," says the assemblyman, "and I know that women go to grocers who sell whisky and order a bottle and have it charged on their account as butter and eggs. Do their husbands know this? No, sir! And at the end of the week the grocer's account is \$9 or \$10 instead of \$6 or \$7. If my measure is passed the grocer's bill will be greatly lowered and the moral tone of the community raised."

The Valiants of Virginia

By
Hallie Erminie
Rives
(Mrs. Post Wheeler)

Illustrated by Lauren Stort

CHAPTER XXX.

In the Rain.

Shirley stood looking out at the rain. It was falling in no steady downpour which held forth promise of ending, but with a gentle constancy that gave the hills a look of sudden discomfort and made disconsolate miry pools by the roadside. The clouds were not too thick, however, to let through a dismal gray brightness that shone on the foliage and touched with glistening lines of high-light the dragged tufts of the soaked blue-grass. Now and then, across the dripping fields, fraying skeins of mist wandered, to lie curled in the flooded hollows where, here and there, cattle stood lowing at intervals in a mournful key.

The indoors had become impossible to her. She was sick of trying to read, sick of the endless pacings and purposeless invention of needless tasks. She wanted movement, the cobwebby mist about her knees, the wet rain in her face. She ran upstairs and came down clad in a close scarlet jersey, with leather gaiters and a soft hat.

Emmaline saw her thus accoutered with disapproval. "Lawdy-mercy, chile!" she urged; "you ain't goin' out? It's rainin' cats en dogs!" "I'm neither sugar nor salt, Emmaline," responded Shirley listlessly, dragging on her rain-coat, "and the walk will do me good."

On the sopping lawn she glanced up at her mother's window. Since the night of the ball her own panging self-consciousness had overlaid the fine and sensitive association between them. She had been full of horrible feeling that her face must betray her and the cause of her loss of spirits be guessed.

Her mother, had, in fact, been troubled by this, but was far from guessing the truth. A somewhat long indisposition had followed her first sight of Vallant, and she had not witnessed the tournament. She had hung upon Shirley's description of it, however, with an excited interest that the other was later to translate in the light of her own discovery. If the thought had fitted to her that fate might hold something deeper than friendship in Shirley's acquaintance with Vallant, it had been of the vaguest. His choice of her as Queen of Beauty had seemed a natural homage to that swift and unflinching act of hers which had saved his life. There was in her mind a more obvious explanation of Shirley's altered demeanor. "Perhaps it's Chilly Lusk," she had said to herself. "Have they had a foolish quarrel, I wonder? Ah, well, in her own time she will tell me."

There was some relief to Shirley's overcharged feelings in the very discomfort of the drenched weather: the sucking pull of the wet clay on her boots and the flirt of the drops on her cheeks and hair. She thrust her dogskin gloves into her pocket and held her arms outstretched to let the wind blow through her fingers. The moisture clung in damp wreaths to her hair and rolled in great drops down her coat as she went.

The wildest, most secluded walks had always drawn her most and she instinctively chose one of these today. It was the road whereon squatted Mad Anthony's whitewashed cabin. "Dah's er man gwine look in dem eyes, honey, en gwine make 'em cry en cry." She had forgotten the incident of that day, when he had read her fortune, but now the quivering prophecy came back to her with a shivering sense of reality. "Fo' dah's fiah en she ain' afeah'd, en dah's watah en she ain' afeah'd. Et's de thing what eat de ha'at outen de breas—dat what she afeah'd of!" If it were only fire and water that threatened her!

She struck her hands together with an inarticulate cry. She remembered the laugh in Vallant's eyes as they had planted the roses, the characteristic gesture with which he tossed the waving hair from his forehead—how she had named the ducks and the peacock and chosen the spots for his flowers; and she smiled for such memories, even in the stabbing knowledge that these dear trivial things could mean nothing to her in the future. She tried to realize that he was gone from her life, that he was the one man on earth whom to marry would be to strike to the heart her love and loyalty to her mother, and she said this over and over to herself in varying phrases:

"You can't! No matter how much you love him, you can't! His father deliberately ruined your mother's life—your own mother! It's bad enough to love him—you can't help that. But you can help marrying him. You would hate yourself. You can never kiss him again, or feel his arms around you. You can't touch his hand. You mustn't even see him. Not if it breaks your heart—as your mother's heart was broken!"

She had turned into an unbraten way that ambled from the road through a track of tall oaks and pines, scarce more than a bridle-path, winding aimlessly through bracken-strewn depths so dense that even the wild-roses had not found them. In her childish hurts she had always fled to the companionship of the trees. She had known them every one—the black-gum and pale dogwood and gnarled hickory, the prickly-balled "button-wood," the lowly mulberry and the majestic red oak and walnut. They had seemed friendly and pitying counselors, standing about her with arms intertwined. Now, with the rain weeping in soothing gusts through them, they offered her no comfort. She suddenly threw herself face down on the soaked moss.

"Oh, God!" she cried. "I love him so! And I had only that one evening. It doesn't seem just. If I could only have him, and suffer some other way! He's suffering, too, and it isn't our fault! We neither of us harmed anyone! He isn't responsible for what his father did—why, he hardly knew him! Oh, God, why must it be so hard for us? Millions of other people love each other and nothing separates them like this!"

Shirley's warm breath made a little fog against the star-eyed moss. She was scarcely conscious of her wet and clinging clothing, and the soaked strands of her hair. She was so wrapped in her desolation that she no longer heard the sound of the persevering rain and the wet swishing of the bushes—parting now to a hurried step that fell almost without sound on the spongy forest soil. She started up suddenly to see Vallant before her.



"Doesn't That Prove What I Say?" He Said, Bending Toward Her.

He was in a somewhat battered walking suit of brown khaki, with a leather belt and a felt hat whose brim, stiff with the wet, was curved down visor-wise over his brow. In an instant he had drawn her upright, and they stood, looking at each other, drenched and trembling.

"How can you?" he said with a roughness that sounded akin to anger. "Here in this atrocious weather—like this!" he laid a hand on her arm. "You're wet through."

"I—I don't mind the rain," she answered, drawing away, yet feeling with a guilty thrill the masterfulness of his tone, as well as its real concern. "I'm often wet."

His gaze searched her face, feature by feature, noting her pallor, the blue-black shadows beneath her eyes, the caught breath, even like a child's from crying. He still held her hands in his.

"Shirley," he said, "I know what you intended to tell me by those flowers—I went to St. Andrew's that night, in the dark, after I read your letter. Who told you? Your—mother?"

"No, no!" she cried. "She would never have told me!"

His face lighted. With an irresistible movement he caught her to him. "Shirley!" he cried. "It shan't be! It shan't, I tell you! You can't break our lives in two like this! It's unthinkable."

"No, no!" she said piteously, pushing him from her. "You don't understand. You are a man, and men—can't."

"I do understand," he insisted. "Oh, my darling, my darling! It isn't right for that spectral thing to come between us! Why, it belonged to a past generation! However sad the outcome of that duel, it held no dishonor. I know only too well the ruin it brought my father! It's enough that it wrecked three lives. It shan't rise again, like Banquo's ghost to haunt ours! I know what you think—I would love you the more, if I could love you more, for that sweet loyalty—but it's wrong, dear. It's wrong!"

"It's the only way."

"Listen. Your mother loves you. If she knew you loved me, she would bear anything rather than have you suffer like this. You say she wouldn't have told you herself. Why, if my father—"

She tore her hands from his and faced him with a cry. "Ah, that is it! You knew your father so little. He was never to you what she is to me. Why, I've been all the life she has had. I remember when she mended my dolls, and held me when I had scarlet fever, and sang me the songs the trees sang to themselves at night. I said my prayers at her knee till I was twelve years old. We were never apart a day till I went away to school."

She paused, breathless.

"Doesn't that prove what I say?" he said, bending toward her. "She loves you far better than herself. She wants your happiness."

"Could that mean hers?" she demanded, her bosom heaving. To see us together—always—always! To be reminded in everything—the lines

of your face—the tones of your voice, maybe—of that! Oh, you don't know how women feel—how they remember—how they grieve! I've gone over all you can say till my soul cries out, but it can't change it. It can't!

Vallant felt as though he were battering with bruised knuckles at a stone wall. A helpless anger shimmered in him. "Suppose," he said bitterly, "that your mother one day, perhaps after long years, learns of your sacrifice. She is likely to guess in the end, I think. Will it add to her pleasure, do you fancy, to discover that out of this conception of filial loyalty—for it's that, I suppose—you have spoiled your own life?"

She shuddered. "She will never learn," she said brokenly. "Oh, I know she would not have spoken. She would suffer anything for my happiness. But I wouldn't have her bear any more for my sake."

His anger faded suddenly, and when he looked at her again, tears were burning in his eyes.

"Shirley!" he said. "It's my heart, too, that you are binding on the wheel! I love you. I want nothing but you! I'd rather beg my bread from door to door with your hand in mine than sit on a throne without you! What can there be in life for me unless you share it? Think of our love! Think of the fate that brought me here to find you in Virginia! Think of our garden—where I thought we would live and work and dream, till we were old and gray—together, darling! Don't throw our love away like this!"

His entreaties left her only whiter, but unmoved. She shook her head, gazing at him through great clear tears that welled over and rolled down her cheeks.

"I can't fight," she said. "I have no strength left." She put out her hand as she spoke and dropped it with a little limp gesture that had in it tired despair, finality and hopelessness. It caught at his heart more strongly than any words. He felt a warm gush of pity and tenderness.

He took her hand gently without speaking, and pressed it hard against his lips. It seemed to him very small and cold.

They passed together through the wet bracken, his strong arm guiding her over the uneven path, and came to the open in silence.

"Don't come with me," she said then, and without a backward glance, went rapidly from him down the shimmering road.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

How Is Your Boiler?

It has been stated that man's stomach is his boiler, his body is his engine and his mouth the fire box. Is your boiler (stomach) in good working order or is it so weak that it will not stand a full load and not able to supply the needed energy to your engine (body)? If you have any trouble with your stomach Chamberlain's Tablets will do you good. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. Many very remarkable cures of stomach trouble have been effected by them. For sale by all dealers.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single one, for 50c. Republican Office.

Business Getters, "Republican Classified Ads."

Was It Charity or Revenge

that prompted Sara Wrاندall to protect the beautiful young murderess of her husband? Read the new serial we have secured—

The Hollow of Her Hand

By GEO. BARR MCCUTCHEON

Author of
"Gawdalk," "Breaster's Millions,"
"Trauxton King," etc.

Conceded by the critics as the best story ever written by this popular author. You'll be interested in the startling novelty of the plot.

Get the Issue With the First Installment

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

SEASONABLE FRUIT TRIFLES.

WHEN lightness and simplicity are desired in a dessert a fruit trifle is one of the daintiest sweets that the housewife can contrive.

Pineapple Trifle.—Take two-thirds of a cupful of sugar and one pint can of grated pineapple and boil until a good sirup is formed. Dissolve one-half package of gelatin in one-half pint of boiling water. Add pineapple sirup. Juice of an orange and let set. When well set add one-half cupful of whipped cream and beat until well mixed. In carrying out a color scheme of red or green a decoration of maraschino cherries could be used. It should be topped with whipped cream.

Handsomely Decorated.

Banana Trifle.—Take six bananas, six small sponge cakes, one orange, half a pint of good custard, half a pint of cream and half an ounce of pistachio nuts. Peel the bananas and cut them into quarters lengthways. Slice the cake thinly and spread each piece with some jam. Peel the orange, cut it into thin slices and then again into small disks. Grate the lemon rind. Put a layer of the cakes into the dish and put on them a spoonful or two of custard. Next put a layer of the bananas and a few of the pieces of orange and lemon rind. Continue this till the dish is nicely filled up. Pour in the remainder of the custard. Whip the cream and heap it all over the top. Shell and shred the pistachio nuts and stick them in rows over the cream.

Two Wholesome Sweets.

Apple Trifle.—Take some apples and pass through a sieve to form a thick layer at the bottom of a dish. Scald them, then add sugar to taste and the finely grated rind of half a lemon. Now mix together half a pint of cream, the same quantity of milk, the yolk of an egg and scald over the fire. Stir well and do not let it boil. Add sugar to taste, and when it is cold pour over the apples. Whipped cream flavored with vanilla should cover the whole.

Apricot Trifle.—Spread the underside of some macaroons with apricot jam and pile them all up in a pyramid. Pour over them a tumblerful of sherry and water (one-third sherry to two-thirds water). Dip up what flows into the dish and pour it over again. Cover with whipped cream.

Ana Thompson.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh-Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

Closest Ever.

They were discussing horse racing.

"I guess," observed the Yankee, "I've seen the closest race ever run, for I once saw a horse adjudged winner by a tongue's length."

"Is that so," drawled the Englishman. "Well, I've seen a closer race than that. I lived two years in Scotland."—Cleveland Leader.

Ocean Winds.

According to a conservative estimate, in an ocean steamer of 100 feet beam, 950 feet in length and 60,000 horsepower, no less than 20 per cent of the horsepower, or about 12,000, would be consumed in overcoming headwind resistance when the ship was steaming at fifteen knots against a sixty-five mile gale.

Don't You Believe It.

Some say that chronic constipation cannot be cured. Don't you believe it? Chamberlain's Tablets have cured others—why not you? Give them a trial. They cost only a quarter. For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

"Wets" Carry Connorsville.

Connorsville, Ind., Feb. 25.—In the local option election held here, the "wets" won by a majority of 450. They carried each of the eight precincts and in one ward received a majority of more than 200 votes. Three years ago Connorsville was voted "wet" by thirty-five votes, after two years of temperance.

A Popular Book.

She—What would be the most appropriate book to give a bride? He—A bank book.—Illustrated Bits.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

The Hollow of Her Hand

THE story of a woman who protects the girl slayer of her husband

in order to secure revenge upon his family for the persecution she endured at their hands during her young wifehood.

Our next serial—you'll enjoy it!

George Barr McCutcheon at His Best in our new serial

The Hollow of Her Hand

Don't Miss It!

An unusual, compelling, absorbing mystery

The Hollow of Her Hand

Watch for the first installment in this paper!

YOUNG GIRLS' CONFESSIONS

Have Led to Police Orders For Clean-Up at Evansville.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 25.—Six picked men, according to Mayor Bosse, have been detailed from the police department to watch and gather evidence against local professional men implicated in the allurements of young girls by the confessions of seven young women to the mayor and Chief of Police Schmitt.

The disclosures came when Mayor Bosse insisted on a full investigation of the disappearance of twenty-year-old Mamie Kuhn, a Sunday school teacher, who returned after more than a day and confessed having spent part of the day in the rear room of a local theaterium with the son of the proprietor, whose license was later revoked.

Through local newspapers Mayor Bosse announced "It would be advisable for three unnamed professional men to leave the city to avoid publicity as the result of the confessions of the seven girls. Later the mayor asserted that his investigation of vice was no "bluff." The police have instructions to spare no one. Mayor Bosse asserted: "The investigation is no bluff and there are no personal reasons for the action."

Grand Jury Will Investigate.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 25.—Prosecutor J. W. Sappenfield asserts that charges of election fraud against Attorney Archie E. More, candidate for city judge on the Republican ticket in the last municipal election, will be placed before the grand jury as the result of a statement made in circuit court by Ben Reed, colored, who declared More used him as a tool in getting votes illegally election day.

Methodist Minister Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Rev. James A. Lewis, Milaca, Minn., writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been a needed and welcome guest in our home for a number of years. I highly recommend it to my fellows as being a medicine worthy of trial in cases of colds, coughs and croup." Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a trial and we are confident you will find it very effectual and continue to use it as occasion requires for years to come, as many others have done. For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

Young Girl Accuses Neighbor.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 25.—That she was attacked by James Matthews, 35 years old, last December, when she went to his home to take a bag of candy to his baby as a Christmas present, was the statement of 13-year-old Pearl Scott on being put on the witness stand in circuit court when Matthews was tried on a statutory charge for ill-treating her.

The Best Cough Medicine.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since I have been keeping house," says L. C. Hames, of Marbury, Ala. "I consider it one of the best remedies I ever used. My children have all taken it and it works like a charm. For colds and whooping cough it is excellent. For sale by all dealers."

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern R.R.

Winter Tourist Round Trip Rates

At greatly reduced fare to points in Alabama, Cuba, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Carolina and Texas on sale daily.

Also Home-Seekers Round-Trip Tickets

To the South and Southeast on sale the first and third Tuesdays of each month. For time of trains, sleeping car reservations and etc., call at B. & O. Ticket Office or address

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Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, 8:10, 11:00 a. m.

*Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

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NORTHBOUND				
Daily—	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	
Seymour	6:30 am	2:30 pm		
Bedford	7:50 am	4:10 pm		
Odion	8:30 am	5:30 pm	7:05 am	
Elmore	9:30 am	6:30 pm	7:15 am	
Beehunter	9:35 am	6:10 pm	7:30 am	
Linton	9:45 am	6:24 pm	7:45 am	
Jasonville	10:14 am	7:00 pm	8:15 am	
Terre Haute	11:15 am	8:00 pm	9:25 am	
No. 8, Linton to Terre Haute leave Linton 1:00 p. m., arriving at Terre Haute 2:35 p. m.				
SOUTHBOUND				
Daily—	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	
Terre Haute	5:50 am	1:05 pm	5:50 pm	
Jasonville	6:50 am	2:07 pm	6:49 pm	
Linton	7:17 am	2:32 pm	7:17 pm	
Beehunter	7:30 am	2:45 pm	7:30 pm	
Elmore	7:46 am	3:00 pm	7:46 pm	
Odion	7:58 am	3:15 pm	8:00 pm	
Bedford	8:22 am	5:00 pm		
Seymour	11:00 am	6:20 pm		
No. 5, Terre Haute to Linton, leaves Terre Haute 10:20 a. m., arrives Linton 11:50 a. m.				
No. 28 Mixed Train Northbound, leaves Westport 8:30 a. m., arrives Seymour 10:45 a. m., daily except Sunday.				
No. 27 Mixed Train Southbound leaves Seymour 3:20 p. m., arrives at Westport 6:00 p. m., daily except Sunday.				
For further information or time tables call on or write,				

S. L. CHERITT, G. A. Seymour, Ind.

J. T. AVERITT, G. P. A. B. & O. Station, Chicago, Ill.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists, 50c. large box, or by mail. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

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WANTED—Men at once to learn the barber trade. Jobs always waiting. Better wages than you can earn without trade. Tools given. Few weeks completes. Drop a card for particulars. Moler Barber College, Indianapolis, Ind. f27d

WANTED TO BUY AND SELL—Second hand furniture and all kinds of junk. Phone 56. No. 11, Tipton street. f26d

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FOR SALE—Eggs. R. C. Rhode Island Reds. First pen \$1 for 15. Second pen 50c. Geo. Hauenschild, Seymour. Phone 796-R. f28d&w

FOR SALE—Remington, new No. 10. Like new liberal allowance on your old machine. J. H. EuDaly. f17dtf

FOR SALE—One White Steamer truck. John C. Groub Co. f20d&W-tf

FOR SALE—Good sleigh and bells. Phone 194. f27d

FOR RENT—Furnished house. Rent reasonable. Mrs. J. M. Mack, 210 North Poplar. m4d

FOR RENT—Modern seven room house. North Ewing. E. C. Bollinger. f2dtf

200 FARMS ABSOLUTELY FREE—We will give away free of charge and without restrictions as to improvement or settlement 200 farm

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Royal Easy Chairs
"THE PUSH BUTTON KIND"

When tired or nervous, sit in a Royal, pull out the Foot Rest, "Push the Button" and allow the back to assume any angle you wish; then stretch out and relax every muscle. This is possible only in a Royal Easy Chair, and you will say it is the easiest, most restful, worry and trouble killer ever invented.

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The "Push button" is in the right arm of all Royal Easy chairs. It allows 20 different positions of the back, to be had instantly, without moving from the chair. Royal Easy Chairs are incomplete without the Foot Rest and Newspaper Basket.

We will gladly demonstrate a Royal Easy Chair to you whenever you can find time to call and see us. Better make it today.

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NOW THAT THEY VOTE WANT JOBS

Women Taking Advantage of
New Rights In Illinois.

CANDIDATES BY THE SCORE.

Feminine Voters In Race For Public Offices In Many Counties—Give Preference to Position of Township Collector—One Woman Seeks to Become Mayor.

Illinois women, as active candidates for office at the approaching spring elections, are smashing political precedents all over the state.

The new suffrage law grants to women the privilege of "running" for all of the statutory offices for which they may vote. Reports to the Chicago Tribune from many of the 101 down state counties indicate there is a large field of women who have filed nominating petitions.

From all over the state reports come that there is to be an exceptionally heavy vote of women at the township elections in April, owing to the fact that the local option question is to be submitted in more than 300 townships.

Township collector is the job that most of the women candidates are after. The collectorship in the larger cities is the "fattest" political job, paying the largest compensation for the least physical work. Many of the women candidates want to do the township assessing. Some are seeking places as school trustees. The county board of supervisors looks good to a substantial squad of the new voters.

Woman Aspires to Mayoralty.

There is but one announced candidate for mayor—Mrs. Mary Kennedy of Mount Carroll—and there are scattering reports of women who would like to sit in town councils.

Mrs. Kennedy, who has the distinction of being the first woman candidate for mayor in Illinois, is a Democrat in national politics, but is running for mayor of Mount Carroll on the Citizens' ticket. She is fifty-five years old, married and has two daughters.

On the ticket with Mrs. Kennedy will be Miss Mary S. Hunter, daughter of former State Senator James M. Hunter. She wants to be city treasurer. Mrs. Rebecca E. Ank, a widow with five children, is a candidate for tax collector of Mount Carroll township.

Mrs. Ida Steidl, recognized in Paris, Edgar county, as the dominant factor in a meat packing establishment in association with her three sons, is a candidate for alderman as a Progressive. The Progressives also have Miss Tatt Link as a candidate for assessor of Paris township.

Many Women Rivals.

Christian county has many women candidates for township offices. The collector's office is sought by Miss Nettie Vaughan and Mrs. Josephine Hill as opposing Democratic candidates in Taylorville township; Mrs. O. F. Snow, Independent, Assumption township; Mrs. T. E. Gregg and Mrs. Maud Doty, battling as Republicans in Stonington; Mrs. J. W. Sidell and Mrs. Ella Leighty, Democratic opponents in Tower Hill; Mrs. Mate Headen, Democrat, in Shelbyville and Miss Flossie Kirkwood, Democrat, in Windsor.

Women are also candidates for collectors at Lincoln, Logan county; at Edwardsville; in two townships in Mason county; in Hartland township, McHenry county; at Monmouth, at Aledo, at Griggsville, at Pittsfield, at Lacon and in one township in Winnebago county.

Madison county has two women in the field, both running as Socialists in the coal mining territory, where there is a heavy Socialist vote.

Miss Dollie Oler, a young newspaper woman of Grant township, Vermilion county, has entered the race for tax collector there.

There are three women candidates at Quincy, and all three are Socialists.

UNITED STATES IMPREGNABLE

Need "Bluff" No Longer, Says English Peace Advocate.

It would take Japan thirty years, with an army of 27,000,000 men or more and with a war fund the vastness of which may not be readily computed, to make a conquest of the United States, according to a comparative computation made by Norman Angell, the English peace advocate, in a speech delivered recently in Washington under the auspices of the Carnegie peace endowment.

The comparison was based on statistics of his country's latest war of subjugation. Mr. Angell said it took England four years, with a gigantic army and the expenditure of millions of dollars, to subdue a little country that was not even self supporting the year around and had only a small army.

In this connection Mr. Angell said the United States is obviously impregnable and that it is no longer necessary for it to "put up a bluff."

The great importance of continued peace to the United States was pointed out by the speaker in connection with the development of South America, which, he said, is being done by European capital.

He declared that the help of this country is vitally essential to the establishment of the peace movement in Europe.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Reported by the Jackson Co. Title Abstract Co.

Louis Richart to Chas. J. Richart,

120 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$3700.

Louis Richart to Frances Richart,

100 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$1.

Louis Richart to Peter Richart, 100

acres, Jackson Tp.—\$1.

Louis Richart to Joseph U. Richart,

100 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$1.

Louis Richart to Anna Dehler, 100

acres, Jackson Tp.—\$1.

Louis Richart to Louis W. Richart,

100 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$1.

Louis Richart to Francis C. Richart,

100 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$2360.

Louis Richart to Peter P. Richart,

pt lot in Seymour—\$5000.

Louis Richart to Louis Richart, pt

lot 6 in Seymour—\$6388.75.

Louis C. Richart to Louis W. Richart,

170 1-3 acres, Redding Tp.—\$7640.

Wm. Shields to Joel B. Henderson,

15 acres, Carr Tp.—\$500.

Mabel Stevens to Harley L. Carter,

50 acres, Vernon Tp.—\$3000.

Polly Wray to Homer Fish, 20

acres, Owen Tp.

Elizabeth Edwards to Eli W. Miller,

100 acres, tax title deed, Owen

Tp.—\$140.

Herman Holtman to A. M. Caroline

Holtman, et al, Jackson Tp.—\$120.

Frank Peters to Laura L. Fields,

180 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$1700.

Laura L. Fields to Frank Wheeler,

50 acres, Salt Creek Tp.—\$1500.

James W. Cunningham to Morton

Winegan 10 acres, Brownstown Tp.—\$200.

Nannie L. Pyles to James Snow,

lot in Seymour—\$500.

Lillie E. Miller to Frances C. Richart,

98.37 acres, Jackson Tp.—\$5000.

Francis C. Richart to Lillie E. Miller,

lots in Leininger & Beitman's ad to

Seymour—\$3500.

Herman R. Holtman to Henry Ho-

dapp, lot in Seymour—\$1300.

Johanna Welsh to James Welsh,

Will, lots in Shields' ad to Seymour.

John A. Wray to Emma O. Harris,

lots in Carr Tp.—\$600.

James R. Green to Christine E.

Peter, Tax Title Deed, 5 acres, Wash-

ington Tp.—\$284.

Children's Favorite Toys.

A hundred and thirty-two schoolboys of Paris and seventy-two girls were invited to describe their preferences in the way of toys. Among the former, thirty-one voted for a railway train, twenty-three for tin soldiers, ten for steam engines, nine for building bricks and eight for toy typewriters and mechanical horses. Forty girls—a solid majority—declared without hesitation that a doll was superior to any other implement of recreation. The super-child seems, happily, a long way off.—Pall Mall Gazette.

An Overpayment.

A pretty American countess—she inherited \$8,000,000 from her father's wholesale plant—found marriage a disappointment.

Her dyed and corseted old husband said bitterly to her one day:

"Ours was a business marriage. You bought my little title with your millions as you'd buy a yard of cloth in a shop."

"Yes," blazed the young countess—"yes, but I ought to have got some change!"—Exchange.

Heavier Ammunition.

"Is this the man we are to initiate tonight?" asked the illustrious conductor.

"It is," replied the outside guard. The illustrious conductor walked around the 350 pound candidate, inspected him carefully and turned to his assistant.

"Put the goat back," he said, "and bring me a mule."—Chicago Tribune.

URIC ACID SOLVENT

50 Cent Bottle (32 Doses) FREE

Just because you start the day worried and tired, stiff legs and arms and muscles, an aching head, burning and bearing down pains in the back—worn out before the day begins, do not think you have to stay in that condition.

Be strong, well and vigorous, with no more pain from stiff joints, sore muscles, rheumatic suffering, aching back or kidney disease.

For any form of bladder trouble or weakness, its action is really wonderful. Those sufferers who are in and out of bed half a dozen times a night will appreciate the rest, comfort and strength this treatment gives.

To prove the Williams Treatment conquers kidney and bladder diseases, rheumatism and all uric troubles, no matter how chronic or stubborn, if you have never used the Williams treatment, we will give one 50c bottle (32 doses) free if you will cut out this notice and send it with your name and address with 10c to help pay distribution expenses, to The Dr. D. A. Williams Company, Dept. 2349 P. O. Bldg., East Hampton, Conn. Send at once and you will receive by parcel post a regular 50c bottle, without charge and without incurring any obligations. One bottle only to an address.

Sick Women Attention

Is it possible there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, which proves beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other one medicine in the world?

We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true. Here are three never before published:

From Mrs. S. T. Richmond, Providence, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"For the benefit of women who suffer as I have done I wish to state what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I did some heavy lifting and the doctor said it caused a displacement. I have always been weak and I overworked after my baby was born and inflammation set in, then nervous prostration, from which I did not recover until I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The Compound is my best friend and when I hear of a woman with troubles like mine I try to induce her to take your medicine."—Mrs. S. T. RICHMOND, 199 Waldo Street, Providence, R. I.

A Minister's Wife Writes:

CLOQUET, MINN.—"I have suffered very much with irregularities, pain and inflammation, but your wonderful medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has made me well and I can recommend the same to all that are troubled with these complaints."—Mrs. JENNIE AKERMAN, 600 Rev. K. AKERMAN, Cloquet, Minnesota.

From Mrs. J. D. Murdoch, Quincy, Mass.

SOUTH QUINCY, MASS.—"The doctor said that I had organic trouble and he doctored me for a long time and I did not get any relief. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and I tried it and found relief before I had finished the first bottle. I continued taking it all through middle life and am now a strong, healthy woman and earn my own living."—Mrs. JANE D. MURDOCH, 25 Gordon St., South Quincy, Mass.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



White Goods Sale Is to be Continued

Owing to the severe weather of this week we feel that the people have not been fully served and the sale will be continued. The lines are unbroken and there are choice selections and bargains in every department.

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

SEYMOUR HARDWARE CO.

118 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET. Phone 718

A New and Complete Line of
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware and
Wire Fencing

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A COMPLETE LINE OF
FIELD SEEDS

Everything Priced at a Reasonable Figure

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Special PANTS SALE
98 Cents to \$2.98
SEE OUR WINDOW
Philadelphia Bargain Store
NEVER WITHOUT A BARGAIN.